The Columbian.

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH, and COLUMBIAN, Consolidated.]

Issued Weekly, every Friday Morning, at

BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., Pa.

AT TWO DOLLARS per year. To subscribers out of the county the terms are strictly in advance.

☞No paper discontinued except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits will not be given.

All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers n the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on short notice, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

G. E. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JANUARY 18, 1884.

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RATES OF ADVERTISING.

	1M	2M	3M	6	1Y
One inch	$9 00	$ 2 50	$3 00	$5 00	$ 8 00
Two inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	8 00	13 00
Three inches	4 00	5 00	7 00	11 00	18 00
Four inches	5 00	7 00	9 00	13 00	20 00
Quarter column	6 00	8 00	10 00	15 00	25 00
Half column	10 00	14 00	17 00	25 00	50 00
One column	20 00	25 00	30 00	50 00	100 00

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office over 1st. National Bank.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office in Sat's Building.

C. R. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office over 1st National Bank.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
AND
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office over Moyer Bros. Drug Store.

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Bloomsburg, Pa.

B. FRANK ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office corner of Centre and Main Streets, Clark's Building.
Can be consulted in German.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
NEW COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Member of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe.

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Office in COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Room No. 2, second floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

S. KNORR. L. S. WINTERSTEEN, Notary Public
KNORR & WINTERSTEEN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Office in 1st National Bank building, second floor, first door to the left. Corner of Main and Market streets Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ *Pensions and Bounties Collected.*

J H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Maize's building, over Billmeyer's grocery.
May 20, '81.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
Attorney-at-Law,
ALSO
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office in his building opposite Court House, 2nd floor, Bloomsburg, Pa. apr 13 '83

JOHN C. YOCUM,
Attorney-at-Law,
CATAWISSA, PA.
Office in NEWS ITEM building, Main street.
Member of the American Attorneys' Association. Collections made in any part of America
Jan. 5, 1882.

A. K. OSWALD,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Jackson Building, Rooms 4 and 5.
May 6, '81 BERWICK, PA

RHAWN & ROBINS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.
Catawissa, Pa.
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets.

W. E. SMITH,
Attorney-atLaw, Berwick. Pa.
Can be Consulted in German.
ALSO FIRST-CLASS
FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANIES REPRESENTED.
☞Office first door below the post office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. W. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5

R. BUCKINGHAM, Attorney-at-Law Office, Brockway's Building 21st floor, Bloomsburg, Penn'a. may 7, '80-1 f

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market

A. L. FRITZ, Attorney-at Law. Office in COLUMBIAN Building.

C. M. DRINKER, GUN & LOCKSMITH
Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Bloomsburg, Pa

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office corner of Rock and Market street.

J. S. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, (Office and Residence on Third street.

W. H. HOUSE,
—DENTIST,—
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner, work warranted as represented. TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
Office over Bloomsburg Banking Company.
To be open at all hours during the day.
Nov. 28-1y

FIRE INSURANCE.
CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
HOME, OF N. Y.
MERCHANTS', OF NEWARK, N. J.
CLINTON, N. Y.
PEOPLES' N. Y.
READING, PA.
These OLD CORPORATIONS are well seasoned by age and FIRE TESTED and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES and are liable to the hazard of FIRE only.
Losses PROMPTLY and HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, SPECIAL AGENT AND ADJUSTER BLOOMSBURG, PA.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses if any are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.
PROMPTNESS, EQUITY, FAIR DEALING.

FARMERS' SONS and others wanted at big pay to work near home. Address U. C. PHELPS & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.
Dec 14-4w d

E. B. BROWER,
PLUMBING,
GAS FITTING & STEAM HEATING.
DEALER
STOVES & TINWARE.
All kinds of work in Sheet Iron, Roofing and Spouting promptly attended to.
☞Strict attention given to heating by steam.
Corner of Main & East Sts,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

IT WILL PAY YOU
To call, inspect and compare our large and complete stock of
CLOTHING,
BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS
FURNISHING GOODS,
TRUNKS, VALISES,
LADIES' COATS, &c.,
Before purchasing.
HANDSOME PRESENTS
To every Purchaser.
No trouble to show goods.

Every person purchasing of us will receive a numbered ticket, entitling them to a chance in any of the handsome prizes which can now be seen in our windows. Prizes to be awarded on Christmas day. Call and see these prizes and tell your neighbors about them.

Don't forget the place.

M. LEVY & CO.
Successor to M. A. LOEB.
Kings of the Clothing Trade,
122. WEST FRONT STREET. 122.
BERWICK.

(*Continued from last week.*)
How Watch Cases are Made.

It is a fact not generally known that the *James Boss' Gold Watch Cases* really contain more *pure gold* than many "solid" gold cases The demand for these watch cases has led to the manufacture of a very poor grade of solid gold watch cases—low in quality, and deficient in quantity. These cases are made from 4½ to 10 karats, and a 5 or 6 karat case is often sold for 12 or 14 karats. It is NOT economy to buy a watch case so poor in quality that it will soon lose its color, or one so soft that it will lose its shape and fail to shut tight, thus letting in dust and damaging the works, or one so thin that a slight blow will break the crystal, and perhaps the movement. It IS economy to buy a *James Boss' Gold Watch Case*, in which NONE of these things ever occur. This watch case is *not an experiment*—it has been made nearly *thirty years*.

HAZLETON, PA., Oct. 24, 1882.

I sold two James Boss' Gold Watch Cases thirty years ago, when they first came out, and they are in good condition yet. One of them is carried by a carpenter, Mr. L. W. Drake, of Hazleton, and only shows the wear in one or two places; the other by Mr. Bowman, of Cunningham, Pa.; and I can produce one or both of these cases at any time.
SILVESTER ENGLE, *Jeweler.*

Send 2 cent stamp to Keystone Watch Case Factories, Philadelphia, Pa., for handsome Illustrated Pamphlet showing how James Boss' and Keystone Watch Cases are made.
(*To be Continued.*)

Silver Plated Ware.

Modern inventions have greatly improved the manufacture of Silver-Plated Ware, and skilled designers have contributed largely to the attainment of the present symmetry in shapes.

Our Tea Sets, Dinner Services and Flat Ware, such as Knives, Forks and Spoons, have the appearance and finish of solid silver. In these the assortment is at all times large and complete.

The productions of all prominent makers will be found represented in our stock. In the higher grades we particularly recommend the Hard Metal wares of the Gorham Co.

We cordially invite an examination of our stock, feeling confident that the moderate prices prevailing, cannot fail to give entire satisfaction to every one.

J. E. CALDWELL & Co.,
902 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

M. C. SLOAN & BRO.,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Manufacturers of
CARRIAGES BUGGIES, PHAETONS.
SLEIGHS, PLATFORM WAGONS, &C
First-class work always on hand.
REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.
Prices reduced to suit the times.

B. F. HARTMAN
REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES
North American of Philadelphia.
Franklin, " "
Pennsylvania, " "
York, of Pennsylvania.
Hanover, of N. Y.
Queens, of London.
North British, of London.
Office on Market Street, No. 3, Bloomsburg.
Oct. 24, '79-1y

Climbing the Spiral Stairs.

Invisible Architecture in a New England Parsonage.

"Yes," she said, "our children are married and gone, and my husband and I sit by our winter fire much as we did before the little ones came to widen the circle. Life is something like a spiral staircase; we are all the time coming around over the spot we started from, only one degree further up the stairs."

"That is a pretty illustration," remarked her friend, musingly, gazing into the glowing coals which radiated a pleasant heat from the many-windowed stove. "You know we cannot stop toiling up the hill, though."

"Surely we cannot, and for myself I don't find fault with that necessity provided the advance in life is not attended with calamity of suffering, for I have had my share of that. Not long since my health utterly broke down. My system was full of malaria. My digestion became thoroughly disordered and my nerves were in a wretched state. I was languid, ate little and that without enjoying it, and had no strength or ambition to perform even my light household duties. Medical treatment failed to reach the seat of the trouble. The disease—which seemed to be weakness of all the vital organs—progressed until I had several attacks which my physicians pronounced to be acute congestion of the stomach. The last of these was a desperate struggle and I was given up to die. As the crisis had partially passed, my husband heard of the merits of PARKER'S TONIC as an invigorant in just such cases as mine. I took it and felt its good effects at once. It appeared to pervade my body, as though the blessing of new life had come to me. Taking no other medicine I continued to improve, and am now in better health than I have been for a long time."

[Extract from interview with the wife of Rev. P. Perry Pastor of Baptist Church, Coldbrook, Mass.

SAMARITAN
NEVER FAILS.
NERVINE
THE GREAT
NERVE CONQUEROR

The only known *specific* for Epileptic Fits.
Also for Spasms and Failing Sickness.
Nervous Weakness quickly relieved and cured.
Equalled by none in delirium of fever.
Neutralizes germs of disease and sickness.
Cures ugly blotches and stubborn blood sores.
Cleanses blood, quickens sluggish circulation.
Eliminates Boils, Carbuncles and Scalds.
Permanently and promptly cures paralysis.
Yes, it is a charming and healthful Aperient.
Kills Scrofula and Kings Evil, twin brothers.
Changes bad breath to good, removing cause.
Routs biliousness and clears complexion.
Charming resolvent and matchless laxative.
It drives Sick Headache like the wind.
Contains no drastic, cathartic or opiates.
Promptly cures rheumatism by routing it.
Restores life-giving properties to the blood.
Is guaranteed to cure all nervous disorders.
Reliable when all opiates fail.
Refreshes the mind and invigorates the body.
Cures dyspepsia or money refunded.
Endorsed in writing by over fifty thousand Leading physicians in U. S. and Europe.
Leading clergymen in U. S. and Europe.
Diseases of the blood own it a conqueror.
For sale by all leading druggists. $1.50.
The Dr. S. A. Richmond Medical Co., Props., St. Joseph, Mo.
Chas. N. Crittenton, Agent, New York City.

STRONG FACTS!

A great many people are asking what particular troubles BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is good for.

It will cure Heart Disease, Paralysis, Dropsy, Kidney Disease, Consumption, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all similar diseases.

Its wonderful curative power is simply because it purifies and enriches the blood, thus beginning at the foundation, and by building up the system, drives out all disease.

A Lady Cured of Rheumatism.
Baltimore, Md., May 7, 1883.
My health was much shattered by Rheumatism when I commenced taking Brown's Iron Bitters, and I scarcely had strength enough to attend to my daily household duties. I am now using the third bottle and I am regaining strength daily, and I cheerfully recommend it to all.
I came a boy too much in praise of it. Mrs. MARY E. BRASHEAR, 173 Prestman st.

Kidney Disease Cured.
Christiansburg, Va., 1881.
Suffering from kidney disease, from which I could get no relief, I tried Brown's Iron Bitters, which cured me completely. A child of mine, recovering from scarlet fever, had no appetite and did not seem to be able to eat a bite. I gave him Iron Bitters and the happiest results.
J. KYLE MONTAGUE.

Heart Disease.
Vine St., Harrisburg, Pa.
Dec. 7, 1881.
After trying different physicians and many remedies for palpitation of the heart without receiving any benefit, I was advised to try Brown's Iron Bitters. I have used two bottles and never found anything that gave me so much relief.
Mrs. JOSEPH HESS.

For the peculiar troubles to which ladies are subject, BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is invaluable. Try it.

Be sure and get the Genuine.

If you are growing Gray or Bald;
If your Hair is Thin, Brash, Dry, Harsh, or Weak;
If you are troubled with Dandruff, Itching, or any Humor or Disease of the Scalp,
USE
Ayer's Hair Vigor.
It heals nearly every disease peculiar to the scalp, checks the falling out of the hair and prevents it from turning gray, and is an unequalled dressing and toilet article.
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
PHILADELPHIA
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES,
RICE, SPICES, BICARB SODA, &c., &c.
N. E. Corner Second and Arch streets.
☞Orders will receive prompt attention

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS
FOR THE
LIVER
And all Bilious Complaints.
Safe to take, being purely vegetable; no griping. Price 25 cents. All Druggists.
jan 4-4w d

POETICAL.

AT LAST.

BY JOHN G. WHITTIER.

When on my day of life the night is falling,
And, in the winds from unsunned spaces blown,
I hear fair voices out of darkness calling
My feet to paths unknown.

Thou who hast made my home of life so pleasant,
Leave not its tenant when its walls decay;
O Love divine, O Helper ever present,
Be Thou my strength and stay!

Be near me when all else is from me drifting,
Earth, sky, home's pictures, days of shade and shine,
And kindly faces to my own uplifting
The love which answers mine.

I have but Thee, O Father! Let thy spirit
Be with me then to comfort and uphold;
No gate of pearl, no branch of palm I merit,
Nor street of shining gold.

Suffice it if—my good and ill unreckoned,
And both forgiven through the abounding grace—
I find myself by hands familiar beckoned
Unto my fitting place;

Some humble door among thy many mansions,
Some sheltering shade where sin and striving cease,
And flows forever through heaven's green expansions
The river of thy peace.

There, from the music round about me stealing,
I fain would learn the new and holy song,
And find, at last, beneath the trees of healing,
The life for which I long.

SELECT STORY.

A FIRST DAY DREAM.

THE MEMORY OF A FEW HOURS.

Along the steep tree-clad bank of a winding West country stream a young man climbed one bright, blazing June afternoon.

Entirely bewildered as to his whereabouts now he stopped to peer up the unexplored hights, now to look back on the silvery thread below, always starting afresh, puzzled as ever as to his route. Soon, by good fortune, he stumbled on a guide.

Halting by a tangled underwood, where shadows and sunshine played hide and seek in the summer breeze, he saw beyond the moving branches what from a distance, he had mistaken for a bit of gray crag, but what in truth was the decaying wall of some old monastic cell, and, leaning lightly against it, a young girlish form, a book neglected at her feet, hands lazily clasped, and dark eyes dreamily gazing into the hazy distance.

The South wind, stealing round an ivied corner, ruffled the dark feathers of her hat, and stirred the short, curling, chestnut hair below; but whatever whispers it bore upon its wings, it carried no tales of the stranger close at hand, no suspicion of an admiring watcher intruding on that happy solitude. The "I beg your pardon, but may I ask if I'm on the right way to Mr. Hurst's of Perristone?" that presently broke the stillness, was as startling as a thunderclap from an unclouded sky, and a vivid blush rose on the young face that turned toward the inquirer with the answer:

"You are right if you wish to walk round by the bridge?"

"But I think I was told to take a nearer way," said the new-comer, pushing forward through a miniature forest of bracken and oak saplings, and disclosing, under the broad-brimmed hat he raised, sunburnt features, young and good-looking. "I was to find Mr. Hurst's boat, ferry myself over if it was on this side, or shout for it if it was opposite. I've kept watch for the boat all along, but failed to find it. Can you kindly direct me to it?"

A glance, half shy, half amused, came with the response to this:

"I am afraid the boat is nowhere near. Some of them from the house are fishing from it, I believe."

"Unlucky! And the bridge—?"

"Will take you four miles round; the river winds so."

Now the day was delicious for doing nothing, and doing that at one's leisure, but the very idea of a four-mile trudge under a three o'clock sun was exhausting. The young man hesitated, casting longing eyes at a mossy seat near by in a cool, shady angle. His young guide had much ado to keep from laughing, and a pair of fascinating dimples began to hover about her cheeks.

"Is there no other way to get over?" said he, distinctly disinclined to go.

"None at all," said she, with a shake of the head.

"Then I have no choice. Thank you very much for directing me;" and, adding something to his farewell of being forced to get on to Perristone, the stranger turned to begin his long walk.

Hereat compunction overtook the young lady, and her detaining voice brought him to a standstill.

"Is it Mr. Hurst you are wanting to see?"

"Well, partly—yes."

"Then he is not at home. I saw him drive toward Ross half an hour back."

"Indeed! Thank you, but I must still go on. I shall find Mrs. Hurst within."

"Oh, no. M—Mrs. Hurst was to have come back from Glocester yesterday, but, instead, she only returns this evening."

This seemed a stop final; but the gentleman appeared to be still undecided, or, perhaps, he enjoyed prolonging the conversation.

"I believe there are two Mr. Hursts, of Perristone. I am speaking of—of—the Squire."

"And so"—with a pretty smile—"am I."

"And I bring a note to him from my hostess, Mrs. Furnival, of Coombside, who is his sister."

"Aunt Helen! Oh, then, give it to me, please, for I am his daughter."

At this off went the young man's hat again; the note was handed forth, and a prolonged study of the bright young face enjoyed while its owner, taking the underlined "Immediate" for leave, opened and read the missive to her father:

"DEAR HUGH—Please entertain the bearer of this for a few hours, and keep him to dinner. He is Captain Ryland, son of my old schoolfellow, you fell so desperately in love with thirty years ago! I am planning a little surprise for him, and want him out of the way. Will explain when I come this evening with another friend. Love to Charlotte, who came back, of course, last night.

"Your affectionate sister,
MAUD FURNIVAL.

"Give Iva five-and-twenty kisses for me! The child hasn't been to see me for a week."

The said "Iva"—diminutive for Olivia since her babyhood—finished the letter, and then with a most charming mixture of girlish dignity and childish naivette, turned to Captain Ryland, doing the hospitable honors of the moment for her absent parents.

"They will be glad to see you this evening," said she; "and if you don't mind coming with me we will soon find the boys—my brothers I mean—and the boat, and I'll ferry you over. Papa will be so sorry he was out, but of course he went to meet mamma."

And then a droll smile began to lurk again about her lips at the notion (oh! treason, treason!) of her quiet old papa having ever had a fancy for any other than the said "mamma;" and Captain Ryland came to the conclusion that the squire's daughter was a most delightful substitute for her elders, and blessed the chance that sent his steps a-straying up this path.

Perhaps, thrown off his guard by this unceremonious introduction, he expressed his satisfaction a little too warmly, or Iva's ingenuousness took fright at compliments—a conversational event for which she had no taste; but her shyness came back with a rush, and instead of loitering down the uneven way, she sprang on alone, never so much as looking to see if he were following, and gained the greensward by the river before her companion's less accustomed feet had half made the descent.

The moment he reached her, "Now," said she, with a young imperiousness that was vastly amusing, "stay here, if you please, and rest. I can run for John and Harold, I shall go much quicker alone."

But "Forbid it, all ye shades of chivalry," thought Captain Ryland, and begged for leave to join the search, and so humbly that it was graciously accorded, and therewith set in an innocent afternoon romance. For in the languid heat along the valley that search proved a most desultory affair.

"There's no particular need to hurry, if Mr. Hurst won't be at home for a couple of hours," suggested the young man; and Iva agreeing, with the recollection that her brothers coming up stream must pass this point, they stayed their ramble by a little hill-rivulet that rippled down to its stronger sister, margined with whispering reeds and blue forget-me-nots, and on a huge lichen-tinted stone, among springing ferns and sprays of wild white rose, sat and waited contentedly.

More than contentedly! For Wallis Ryland, at pains to undo his first blunder, put out the strength of his ten years' seniority to please; and Iva, with all the frankness of 17, was so ready to be propitiated, that they were quickly on the best of terms—she gliding, willing as a child, into the present hour's enjoyment, he entangled every moment more in the fresh charms of his young listener.

With the swallows circling over head under the clear sky, no sound near save the rustling of many leaves and the rush of gleaming waters, the most sensible of mortals would have found it hard to be prosaic. Our couple had no extraordinary claims to sense, and soon they wandered far out of prosaic bounds.

To be sure, their words were commonplace enough—he telling of a chance encounter that brought about this visit to his mother's old friend; she talking of her home, her father, her brothers, their many pets, of which it was easy to perceive she was the chief; but there was something not commonplace to him, and very new to her, in the lowered tone with which the young soldier declared that chance encounter a stroke of rare good fortune to him, and, when she turned a pair of loving eyes toward the gables of her home, just visible on the opposite bank, asked: "Would she never care to leave that home?—never?"

Then into a very wonderland followed Iva, while her companion told, and told well, of far-off countries, where for eight years he had seen service, and had run the gauntlet of risks that had sent scores of men about him to their graves. Desdemona-like, she hung sighing upon stories such as she had never heard before, and saw in this fair-haired guest of her aunt's the nearest embodiments of a real hero she had ever known.

"But you were safe?" she cried, with a rising color and a long quivering breath at the climax of some danger whereout he had come scatheless, thanks to his steed's swiftness. "And oh! I am so glad that—"

"That—?" echoed the young man, leaning a little nearer.

"That our Harold is not to be a soldier!" finished Iva, so scattering warmer words that a different answer would assuredly have betrayed Captain Ryland into uttering.

Thus quickly the minutes went past; the shadows lengthened; the golden light gathered about the tree-tops; and not one thought did these young people give to time, till a church bell, sounding over the hillside, startled Iva.

"Six o'clock!" she exclaimed, opening wide her eyes, as if just waking. "And the boys not back! Perhaps they went the other way, after all, and left the boat for me. Oh! if I've kept you here for nothing, I am so sorry!"

"But I'm not—I never shall be!" was the reply in a low tone, that stirred a curious answering thrill. "And must we hurry now? Here stay," as a long branch of roses caught her dress; "let me just gather you some of these before we go."

A bunch of roses, a half-hour's homeward stroll side by side in an almost silence more eloquent than speech, three minutes' row across the narrow stream (would they have made it hours if they could?), and the brief drama drew to its last act.

The boat was moored under the willow. As the occupants stepped out one forgot to let loose the hand that lay in his. For a few seconds they lingered so—she gazing over the peaceful meadows to the dim Welsh hills, that all to-night seemed dressed in some new beauty, he looking down on her—beauty enough for him. Suddenly, "Iva!" shouted a boyish voice: and Harold came racing down the steep lane, with a flood of questionings and explainings anent fishing and wading that lasted the whole way up to the manor. There the home party, earlier returned, awaited them, Aunt Helen in their midst, and some one, strange, whom she brought forward with many smiles; and—

"Now you'll forgive me for going off to Swanley Junction alone, Captain Ryland; I wanted to make sure of her coming before I told you a word about it."

The next minute a fair young woman, with the calm air of proprietorship begotten by long engagement, was holding the gentleman's arm; and how happy he might be looking Iva never saw, for with a little cry of welcome?—she had run to her mother, glad—ah, strange to say, glad almost to tears—to shelter once again by her safe side.

* * * * * * *

But that was years ago. Iva—"Olivia" in these days—is now a gracious young matron, loving and dearly loved, the garden of her life filled with such blossoms as womanhood prizes above all others. But now and again across her thoughts, like first notes of a melody never completed, blits a memory of warm June hours, of the first throb of an unknown pleasure, of a nameless pain—of a glimpse into possibility never fulfilled—of the farewell she bade her childhood in a midsummer day's dream.

Barnum Makes His Will.

THE GREAT SHOWMAN APPORTIONS $10,000,000 OF PROPERTY IN A LIBERAL WAY.

P. T. Barnum seems to consider his life work accomplished in the obtaining of the sacred white elephant from the Burmese King, for he has just made his will. In order that there might be no question as to his sanity upon which to ground contests after his death, he had eminent physicians examine him, and secured their attestation that he was of sound mind. The will and its codicils cover more than 700 pages of legal cap, closely written, and dispose of real estate and personal property of the value of $10,000,000 to twenty-seven heirs. The property is in New York, Brooklyn, Bridgeport, Colorado and several other places. Mr. Barnum values his interestin the Barnum and London shows at $3,500,000. His bequests for charitable purposes are numerous and large. Among the beneficiaries are the Chapin Home, Children's Aid Society, Old Men's and Women's and the Society to Assist Males and Females over Eighteen Years of Age, of this city; Bridgeport Orphan Asylum, Bridgeport Hospital, and other Bridgeport societies.

Mr. Barnum also makes provision for certain worthy charities, by bequeathing to them a stated percentage of the large annual profits accruing from his share in the Barnum and London shows. He authorizes his executors to renew the partnership at present in effect with Messrs. James A. Bailey and James L. Hutchinson upon his expiration, in 1899. To the city of Bridgeport he secures the only water-front not already seized by private corporations, with a dock upon it costing $30,000, for twenty-one years after his death, during which time his executors are forbidden to sell or lease it, his object being, as the will recites, "to prevent a monopoly of the freight and passenger traffic by any one line of steamers between New York and Bridgeport, and to preserve to Bridgeport and others the advantage of reasonable rates for freight and passage between said cities."

Mileage of Members

REPRESENTATIVE MILLER TO INTRODUCE A BILL FOR ITS ABOLITION.

Representative Miller, of Pennsylvania, is a member of the house committee on mileage, and he is preparing a bill which will agitate members who resides at points remote from the capital. Under the existing law members receive twenty cents a mile each way to the capital from their homes and return every session of congress. They are expected to journey by the most usually traveled route. Instead of making two bills, the member receives, upon his arrival here at the beginning of the session, an amount equivalent to forty cents per mile for the record trip from his home to Washington and return.

The Pacific coast members receive about $1,300 apiece in mileage alone, and, as they are presumed to travel with passes, the money goes far towards paying winter board bills. The largest sum ever received by a member of congress was paid the delegation from Washington territory, who, before the completion of the Northern Pacific railroad, was obliged to travel over land to Portland, Ore., thence by steamer to San Francisco and over the Union and Central Pacific railroads east. He received over $1,700 mileage each session.

Some of the members of congress from far distant states have remained in Washington during the entire summer recess, and at the beginning of a new session drawn mileage for the entire distance from their homes to the capital. Mr. Miller proposes to introduce a bill abolishing mileage and allowing members to charge their actual traveling expenses simply.

Personal Cleanliness.

Bathing is conservative of health, but all persons do not find it so. A cold plunge bath is by no means a panacea for all human ills, as some seem to think. An occasional wash from head to foot in winter, and bathing frequently in summer, may be considered among the valuable agencies for promoting health. But I have known delicate people to be injured instead of being benefitted by cold bathing. For most persons a wet sponge passed rapidly over the surface and followed soon by friction with a rough towel is bath enough for health purposes. When a cold bath is not followed by a good surface glow, it is doing more harm than good.

If a man is just rich enough to own a horse and wagon, the law will prevent him from hauling freight on Sunday; but if he is rich enough to own a railroad he may haul all he pleases.

On state occasions the Emperor Dom Pedro wears a long cape made entirely of the breast feathers of a rare South American bird.

NATIONAL PRESS ASSN'Y.

SENATOR DWIGHT M. SABIN.

OFFICIAL HEAD OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

AND A TALKED OF CANDIDATE FOR THE PRESIDENCY.

Dwight May Sabin came into this world April 25, 1843, at Manlius, Lasalle county, Illinois, and not in Connecticut as many papers have stated. His father was a farmer on a large scale in Illinois when Dwight was born, and the son grew up on the farm, a hard worker during the crop seasons and a close student at the country school during the winter months. He was not satisfied with the range of studies taught, and devoted his evenings at home to the mystery of the higher branches of mathematics, and civil engineering. After his fathers death, the son located in Stillwater Minnesota, in 1867, he then being about 25 years of age. He began dealing in lumber on a limited scale and capital, but so successful was the venture that his business gradually increased and grew to large prporions, so that at the present time, after fifteen years, he is doing a business of over $10,000,000 annually. Besides being the owner of a large number of mills in the pineries, he is the heaviest stockholder in the Northwestern Car Company of his State, and enjoys an annual income from the profits of his various enterprises of nearly $2,500,000.

Mr. Sabin in early life became identified with politics in Minnesota, and was elected a representative three terms in the State legislature, and two terms to the State Senate.

He has been for several years a member of the Republican National Committee for Minnesota, and was a delegate to the Republican Contion of 1872, 1876 and 1880 respectively. Was elected Chairman of the Republican National Committee, Dec. 12th 1883, by a unanimous vote, and since that honor has been conferred, Mr. Sabin's availability as a candidate for the nomination for the Presidency at the Convention in Chicago next June is being advocated by a large number of papers.

Mr. Sabin was elected to the United States Senate to succeed William Windom, and took his seat March 3rd 1883 his term expiring March 4th, 1889. He is a little over 40 years of age, and reputed to be worth $10,000,000.

Why January 1 is Called New Year.

Every one knows that January 1 is the beginning of the year, but not every one knows why it is so. It marks no natural division of time nor any event in the world's history which would give it such distinction. The winter solstice—that is, the period when the sun appears to reach its greatest southern declension, or furthest point south of the equator, occurs December 22, nine days before the new year begins. The summr solstice, another natural division of time, occurs on June 22, a point nearly as far removed from the new year as the calendar permits. The natural divisions of time which suggest themselves at once to the practical observer are the winter and summer solstices and the vernal and autumnal equinoxes, periods at which the days and nights have equal length or their greatest difference. These having been neglected, the moon's phases would seem to have been most likely to be fixed upon. But imperia Cæsar, who in 46 B. C. gave us the new year, governed by caprice or reasons of the most temporary duration, departed from the former Roman system of reckoning the year from the winter solstice and made the commencement on January 1 for no better reason than the desire to inaugurate his reform with a new moon.

The Caesarean system, devised by the aid of Losigenes, constituted the ordinary year of 365 days and the fourth or extraordinary year of 366. The subdivision of the year into months was similar to the present system. This division of time, though imperfect, is still practiced in Russia. The error was in giving the year 365 1-4 days, which is too much by about eleven minutes. Pope Gregory XIII ordered October 5, 1582, to be called the 15th, and that all centurial years which are not multiples of 400 should not be leap years, which omission of three leap years in every 400 years gives the civil year an average length of 365 days, 5 hours, 49 minutes and 12 seconds, which still exceeds the true solar year by a fraction of a second, which would amount to a day only in 3,866 years. The present, or Gregorian, system is used by all Christendom, except Russia. It was adopted by England in 1752 and by France in 1564.

Prior to the reformation of the calendar by Julius Cæsar, and many centuries afterward, the methods of dividing time were various, complicated and imperfect. The moon was the planet which influenced and governed most nations, and gave rise to universal variance between the natural and civil year. The religious feasts of the Christian church are still regulated by the moon. The Council of Nice provided that Easter, the central point by which all other days in the church calendar are fixed, should fall on the first Sunday after the first full moon occurring on or after March 21. The complex method of these lunar periods correspond with the civil year is evidence enough of the difficulty of arranging any system for the computation of time by the "inconstant moon." Our week and month are not natural divisions of time, though some ingenious efforts have been made to trace some connection between natural phenomena and the period of seven days.

The County Newspaper.

The Philadelpha *Times* never said anything more significant than the following in regard to the local newspaper: "The New Year is a good time to consider the generally overlooked claims of the local newspaper. It is the most useful and least compensated and appreciated of all the agencies which stamp the impress of progress upon villages and inland cities. Without the local newspaper local towns are, as a rule, thriftless and tend to decay.

It is common for small great men to speak with contempt of the local newspaper. In that they imitate greater men in speaking of greater journals which offended them by manly criticism; but the village newspaper makes more great men out of less material—more bricks without straw—than any otherfactor in politics, and it is the one ladder on which men climb to local distinction as the beginning of wider fame.

The local journals of Pennsylvania have progressed in typographical elegance, in editorial power and freshness and completeness of local and general news even more than the city journals during the last score of years.

Local weeklies have extended from the county towns into most of the thrifty villages, and the local newspaper has always dated the increased thrift of the community. The local newspaper is the life of its locality, and the measure of its support, as a rule measures the advancement of the people. Begin the new year by not only subscribing but paying for your local papers. They are the friends and helpmates of all seasons."

Unable to Support Herself.

"Why under the sun should I practice my music so much?" drawled an over-dressed child one day. "It's well enough for Cousin Mary; she's to teach music by-and-by, but mamma says I never shall work for my living, so it doesn't make any difference, and I don't want to."

This girl grew up to be a vapid, fashionable idler. She married a young man who was the son of wealthy parents, and who had been brought up to be as aimless and inefficient as his helpless bride. There was a crash, both families lost their money, the young husband fell into dissipation, died in a short period from his excess, and left his wife upon the world with two little children to provide for.

Now she was sober, earnest, distracted, with a desire to know something practical, but the time for acquiring thorough training in a special branch, that will pay handsomely—was passed. Her children, after suffering from hardship and privation, were placed among sympathizing friends, the unhappy mother found an asylum with the "Cousin Mary" whom she had once despised and who was now a skillful and well-paid teacher of music, and there she learned to utilize a "pretty talent," which she had somewhat developed, for painting and embroidery. But she never made enough money by this means to gather her family together and keep them as she wanted to do, nor even to entirely support herself. For a few years she kept up an unequal struggle. Then she succumbed and died—a pensioner upon the bounty of others.

Social Etiquet.

While it is right and proper to express difference of opinion, it is exceedingly impolte to contradict. Say what you think quietly and pleasantly, argue the question if you wish, but never say flatly that what is said is not true. I have heard young girls assert themselves in this way, contradicting others, often those older and wiser than themselves, imagining the while that they were showing superior intelligence, when they were really rude and unlady like. Very young men are often guilty in this way, because they have not yet learned that they do not know more than the rest of the world. Older people, too, of the positive, excitable sort, need to be reminded sometimes that flat contradiction is boorish. Never forget that other people are quite as likely to be right as yourself, at least their opinions are worthy of respectful treatment. Remember also that a positive contradiction often savors off an accusation of falsehood, than which no greater insult can be offered.

Do not pride yourself on being "flat-footed," an expression I have heard used to describe a brutal frankness. Many times "silence is golden," where unpleasant things are concerned, but if it be necessary to speak be careful how it is done. There is a way and a way of uttering supposed truths. Be careful that you choose THE way. I have heard people say to others in company what was simply outrageous. Never drag private affairs or personal matters into the conversation, and never say unpleasant things to any one that can do no manner of good, but only stir up unpleasant feelings.

The Editor's Story.

Rural editor—"Yes, sir. Burglaries are becoming altogether too frequent around here and something has got to be done."

Detective—"You have not been bothered by them of course?"

Rural editor—"Haven't I though?" My house was entered last week and everything of value taken."

Detective—"You don't say so; have you no clue?"

THE COLUMBIAN.

G. E. Elwell, J. K. Bittenbender, } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, JANUARY, 18 1884.

Governor George Hoadley of Ohio was inaugurated at Columbus on the 14th inst.

Congressman Hewitt denies the story set afloat concerning his conduct in the O'Donnell case.

The Pardon Board exercised no clemency in any of the cases heard by it at its January meeting.

Henry B. Payne was elected United States Senator of Ohio by the Legislature of that state on Tuesday.

Speaker Carlisle will be given a reception by the Commonwealth Club of Philadelphia on Saturday evening.

The trial of James Nutt, for the killing of N. L. Dukes is in progress at Pittsburg, having been removed from Fayette county.

The Fitz John Porter relief bill has been reported favorably by a majority of the congressional committee. A minority report has also been made opposing the bill. It will probably pass the House, but may have some trouble in the Senate.

In the Senate on Monday Senator Anthony of Rhode Island was elected Vice-President of the United States, and presiding officer of the Senate. He declined the honor on account of ill health, and the Senate then elected Senator Edmunds to the position.

The Winter Carnival will be celebrated in Montreal during the week commencing February 4. Lord Lansdowne, the Governor General of Canada, has accepted an invitation to be present. Ten thousand blocks of ice will be used in the construction of the ice palace.

The Republican conventions in Philadelphia last week nominated Smith for Mayor, Pirie for tax receiver, and Warwick for city solicitor. The failure to renominate John Hunter for tax receiver has caused great dissatisfaction, and the outlook now is that the whole republican ticket will be defeated. The Democrats will probably nominate King Hunter, and Sheppard, and if they do, they will elect them, Hunter has already consented to run as a People's candidate.

OUR ELECTIONEERING SYSTEM.

The indications now are that there will be from twenty to thirty Democratic candidates in the field this year asking for county offices. An active and thorough canvass will undoubtedly be made by each one of these, and it is right and proper that every man should do all in his power, not exceeding the limits prescribed by law, to secure favorable action in his behalf by the county convention. In order that the candidate may know what these limits are, he should familiarize himself with the rules of his party, and with the several Acts of Assembly relating to the subject, and govern himself accordingly.

The system of electioneering that has grown up in this county, and elsewhere, is to be regretted. Any man who asks for preferment is compelled to spend weeks, and even months, in travelling through the townships, going from door to door, soliciting votes. This is a great tax upon his time and purse, and cannot be otherwise than humiliating, in many cases. While it is an inconvenience to the candidate, it is also an annoyance to many who are subjected to these solicitations. The farmer is stopped in the midst of his work, the mechanic is obliged to lay down his tools, the business man to close his books, each to be told of the special demands which the applicant has upon the party. And this is repeated twenty or thirty or more times within the space of a few weeks. The practice is a frequent topic of conversation, and whenever it is discussed it is condemned, and yet it has so engrafted itself on our political system that it seems almost impossible to abandon it. No one would rejoice more than candidates if it were abolished, but, the one thing that compels its continuance is the unfortunate fact that there is a large number of voters whose harvest is when candidates are on the wing and whose votes are cast generally for the man whose liberality is most frequently exhibited at the wayside inn. They are not the men who pay the bulk of the taxes, nor men who lead public sentiment in their respective localities, but they are the leeches of society who measure the claims and qualifications of the candidate by his capacity for "treating," and who consider him the best fellow who allows himself to be the most copiously bled.

Another, and smaller, class look upon voting as a mere means of conferring a favor upon another, and therefore vote for those who ask them to do so, without regard to qualifications, on the ground that if their vote is not worth asking for, it is not worth having. This, too, is wrong. The right of suffrage is the safeguard of the people, and should be exercised with caution, by voting for the *best* men, whether personally invited to do so or not. We do not mean to say that no candidate should solicit votes, but the fact that a vote has not been solicited by any particular candidate should not, of itself, be sufficient reason for refusing to vote for him. In other words, every voter should inform himself of the qualifications of all candidates and then vote for those he considers the best, regardless of solicitation.

There is but one way that this practice can be stopped, and that is by an agreement among candidates not to use the methods that have been employed for years, and a rigid adherence to the agreement. If every one would take his chances of election without spending two or three months in travelling over the county, all would stand on an equal footing, just as they do when all travel. This may seem impracticable, but the only difficulty in the way of carrying it out is the danger that all would not adhere scrupulously to their covenant.

It is not probable, nor hardly possible, that such a change in our system of electioneering can be effected this year, but as no reform can be effected without previous agitation and discussion, we begin in time, with the hope that in the near future something may be accomplished in this direction for the benefit of candidates and voters.

Laws of 1883.

The following are the acts of general interest passed last year, by the state Legislature.

Supplementing the act of May 14th, 1874, prescribing the manner in which Courts may divide boroughs into wards, etc.

Allowing the United States to hold certain real estate in Scranton.

Abolishing the office of sealer of weights and measures.

Placing the collections of the second geological survey of Pennsylvania in charge of the Philadelphia Academy of Natural Sciences.

Granting to the soldiers and widows of soldiers of the war of 1812 a gratuity of $40 and an annuity of $120.

Providing that no lapse of time shall raise a presumption or justify a prescription of any perpetual right to have a telegraph, telephone, electric light, or other wire or cable for electric purposes attached to or extending over or upon any building or land.

Authorizing agricultural and horticultural societies to appoint special policemen for their protection.

Providing that no person shall be eligible to the office of District Attorney unless he shall have been a practicing attorney in this Commonwealth for two years previous to his election.

Authorizing the creation of, and providing for the r gulation of, voluntary tribunals, to adjust disputes between employees and employers, in the iron, steel, glass, textile fabrics, and coal trades.

Providing for the supervision and control of hospitals or houses in which insane persons are treated or detained.

Authorizing the State Commissioners of Fisheries to sell and purchase real estate, and to erect buildings thereon.

Prohibiting cities, boroughs, and municipalities from levying any license or mercantile tax upon persons taking orders for goods by sample for individuals who pay licenses or mercantile tax at their chief place of business.

Making sixty pounds the standard weight of a bushel of potatoes.

Repealing the act of March 18th, 1875, authorizing market clerks to weigh butter, lard, sausage, etc.

Regulating the hunting and killing of web-footed wild fowl.

Preventing the exemption of property on judgment obtained for fifty dollars or less for wages for manual labor.

Repealing the first section of the act of February 21st, 1767, to prevent the mischiefs arising from the increase of vagabonds and other idle and disorderly persons.

Providing that the Courts of Quarter Sessions, by and with the concurrence of the grand juries, shall have power to change the limits of any incorporated borough.

Empowering the State Superintendent of Public Education to issue permanent certificates to teachers in cities of the fourth class.

Providing, at public expense, free evening schools for the education of children who from any cause are unable to attend the public schools.

Exempting mutual loan and building associations from taxation for State purposes.

Supplementing the act of April 3d, 1851, empowering boroughs to lay footwalks along turnpike roads, and to assess the cost of paving, curbing, and guttering upon the owners of adjoining lands.

To revive and continue in force the act of May 22d, 1878, extending the time during which corporations may hold and convey the title to real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfactions of debts, and now remaining in their hands unsold.

For the protection of dairymen, and prevention of deception in sales of butter and cheese.

Relating to the public health and sanitary condition of cities of the second class.

Amending part of the act providing for the conveyance of persons injured in or about the mines to their homes.

Providing for the appointment of a commission by the Governor to revise the mining and ventilation laws in the anthracite coal regions.

Extending the time for the completion of railroads.

Requiring chains and ropes to be ready for use, in case of fire, at the windows of hotels and other buildings.

Requiring the assessors to assess all seated lands in the county in which the mansion-house is situated.

Providing for a better distribution and the permanent preservation of public documents.

Providing for the protection of miners in the bituminous coal regions.

Repealing part of section seventeen of the act of April 3d, 1851, providing the manner of electing members of town councils in boroughs.

Supplementing the act of March 3d, 1870, providing for the furnishing of props and timbers to miners.

Amending the act of March 29th, 1869, for the punishment of cruelty to animals.

To prevent the imperiling of the life or limbs of performers or exhibitors in places of public amusement.

Relating to the terminal points to which railroads may be constructed.

Supplementing the act of April 29th, 1874, so as to make free the construction of oil-pipe lines.

Empowering the Orphans' Courts, which have jurisdiction of the accounts of executors and administrasors, to order a sale, for the payment of the debts of the decedent, of any lands lying partly in two or more counties.

Amending the act regulating the elections of overseers of the poor.

Repealing the act of May 7th, 1871, providing for the appointment by the governor of an inspector of steam boilers in the counties of Schuylkill, Northumberland, and Columbia.

Supplementing the act of April 4th, 1869, so as to limit the original amount of stock and increased capital of a railroad to $150,000 a mile, and of bonds to the same amount.

Permitting the killing of English sparrow at any time.

Regulating the term of office of Controllers in cities of the third class.

Regulating the publication, apportionment, and distribution of State documents.

Enforcing the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution, relative to discrimination by railroads and canals.

Relative to assignments for the benefit of creditors, fixing a form of bond to be given by assignees for the faithful performance of the general trust.

Providing the manner in which widows and children's exemption in decedents' estates shall be set aside to them in certain cases.

Requiring the State Treasurer to invest the surplus funds in National or State bonds.

Making it a misdemeanor to use and sell by false beams, scales, weights, or measures.

Providing that when a challenge for a cause assigned shall be made in any civil proceeding, the truth of such cause or challenge shall be inquired of and determined by the court.

To further provide for the incorporation and regulation of mutual assessment corporations for the insurance of lives, supplementary to the act of May 1st, 1876.

Escheating to the Commonwealth the property of telegraph companies consolidating with, or holding a controlling interest in the stock or bonds of, any competing line, or the acquisition, by purchase or otherwise, of any such line.

Fixing the license fees to be paid by manufacturers or venders of nostrums or patent medicines.

Providing that illegitimate children, born of the same mother, and leaving neither mother nor issue capable of inheriting, may inherit personal property as next of kin, and real estate as heirs in fee simple.

Authorizing the Courts of Common Pleas to issue writs of estrepement to stay waste upon land sold for taxes during the time provided for redemption.

Providing a punishment of not more than two years' imprisonment, or a fine of not more than $1,000, or both, upon the owners or controllers of newspapers, magazines, or periodicals that publish lottery advertisements.

Making it a misdemeanor to furnish to any voter at the polls a ticket represented to contain a name or names not on it.

Providing for the care and treatment, in the State hospitals, of the ingredient insane of the counties.

To prevent the consolidation of competing oil-pipe lines, or the acquisition or control of one such line by another.

To prevent the obstruction of navigable streams by trees, logs, stumps, brush, &c.

Authorizing County Commissioners to discharge all persons confined in jail without proceedings under the insolvent laws.

Prohibiting the receiving and detention of children in almshouses, and providing for their care and education.

Abolishing the contract system in prisons and reformatory institutions.

Requiring assessors to make returns of timber lands.

To ensure payment to miners for all clean coal mined by them.

Providing that wages of servant-girls, washerwomen, clerks, and others shall be preferred and paid first out of the proceeds of the sale of the property of insolvent debtors.

Fixing the date of the commencement of terms of borough officers and auditors' settlements.

Empowering the Common Pleas Judges to name the place of holding an election when it is impossible to conduct it in the place mentioned in the Sheriff's proclamation.

For the registration of dentists' supplementary to the act of April 17th, 1876.

Enabling tax collectors to collect taxes for the payment of which they have become personally liable.

Authorizing the granting of certificates of the recording of deeds, mortgages, and other instruments in certain cases when the former Recorder has not given such certificates.

Providing for the publication of the Pennsylvania archives.

Authorizing the Courts of Common Pleas to decree the satisfaction of mortgages, upon payment to the Courts of the amount of principal, interest, and all other moneys found to be due upon such mortgages, in cases where the legal holder or holders thereof shall reside without the jurisdiction of this Commonwealth, or shall have removed therefrom without leaving a known duly-authorized attorney to enter satisfaction on full payment of such mortgage money being made.

Legalizing the offering as evidence in civil suits the production of verified copies of entries in bank-books.

Legalizing the unrecorded charters of boroughs.

Amending section first of the act of June 10th, 1881, amending and consolidating the several acts relating to game and game fish.

For the protection of persons sustaining loss of property by fire when the property is covered by insurance.

Extending to June 1st, 1887, the time for closing the soldiers' orphan schools.

Charles Delmonico the New York caterer, wandered from home some days ago, and his body has been found on Orange Mountain, New York. He was insane and his death resulted from exposure.

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BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall-St., N. Y. aug 11-1 y.

D. THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL

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THE GREAT REDUCTION SALE

ORGANIZED BY

JOHN WANAMAKER, personally.

AT THE

Principal Establishment, Thirteenth and Chestnut Sts. Philada.

HAS JUST GOTTEN FAIRLY UNDER WAY.

THE SALE

is not an ordinary clearing sale, but is instituted for the purpose of carrying out some important plans. It embraces almost every department.

THE SALE

will show fresh lots, brought forward daily to take the place of those sold out.

THE SALE

will keep on with bona fide reductions in various departments until the purpose aimed for is accomplished.

THE SALE

catalogue of items will be revised every day and published in the morning *Ledger*, *Times* and *Record*.

The people may depend on unusual bargains, and a visit to the store each day is recommended.

NOTE.—In sending out this list we took out the small lots that were likely to last but a day or two. We think, but cannot promise, that those retained in the list are in quantities large enough to give every reader a chance at the bargains, if a prompt visit is made.

JOHN WANAMAKER.

DRESS GOODS.

Special reduction in Paris Novelties.

Of these we show a great variety (but few duplicates). They embrace the latest fall productions of the Paris manufactories. These extreme reductions will take many of them off in a day or two.

22 in. Silk and Wool and All-Wool Novelties were 50 and 75c.; now 25c.

44 in. Striped and Figured Novelties were $1 to $1.50 now 50c.

44 inch Figured Ottoman Cloths were $1.50; now 85c.

Illuminated Ottoman Cloths, in rich flures, were $2.25; now $1.

Chenille Figured Novelties were $2.50; now $1.50.

44 in. Novelties in Cashmere Patterns, for wraps, were $1.75; now $1.

A Lot, including a great variety of styles in Broche Figures, Stripes, etc., were $2; now $1.

44 in. Diagonal, with Soutache Embroidery Designs, were $2.50; now $1.

44 in. Oriental Cashmere Novelties, were $4; now $2.50.

$4 Brocade Velvet Novelties; now $3.

Novelties in Cashmere with Chenille pendants for dress garniture reduced from $5 to $2, $6 to $3 and $8 to $4.

French Novelties in robes with broche figures, reduced from $25 to $12.

Plush Striped robes were $25; now $12.

Embroidered Cashmere robes in garnet, navy and green down to $9, $10.50 and $12.50.

44 in. Plain Bison Cloth, $1.25, down from $2.

44 in. Figured Bison Cloth, $2, down from $3.

44 in. Figured Bison Cloth, $3, down from $4.

44 in. Illuminated Ottoman, $1, down from $1.50.

42 in. French Cheviot Checks, 75c.; down from $1.

45 in. Camel's-Hair Cheviots, 85c.; down from $1.

45 in. Cloth Stripes, 50c.; down from 75c.

44 in. Invisible Checks 75c.; down from $1.

44 in. French Dress Cloths, $1; down from $1.35.

44 in. French Dress Cloths, $1.25; down from $1.50.

44 in. Pin Head Checks, 60c.; down from 75c.

French Wrapper Flannels, 35c.; down from 60c.

42 in. Kilting stripes, 50c.; down from 75c.

42 in. Basket Cloth, 55c.; down from 75c.

42 in. Diagonal Melange, 50c.; down from 75c.

42 in. French Shoods Cloth, 50c.; down from 60c.

42 in. French Beiges, 45c.; down from 60c.

31 in. Cloth Checks, 40c.; down from 50c.

36 in. Dress Flannels, 45c.; down from 55c.

36 in. Cashmeres, 33c.; down from 40c.

36 in. All-Wool Serge, 25c.; down from 35c.

Lupin's French Merinos reduced to 45c.

All other qualities from 15 to 20 per cent.

35c. All Wool Ottomans down to 25c.

25c. All Wool Suitings down to 19c.

28c. Cloth Checks down to 20c.

37½c. Block Checks down to 30c.

A lot of Tycoon Wrapper Reps reduced to 12½c.

No such styles have ever been sold so low before.

6c. Calicoes down to 4½c.

Standard Calicoes down to 5c.

Best 8c. goods down to 5½c.

Also included in this sale a full assortment of real Scotch Ginghams, in fancy Plaids and Mournings.

Scotch Ginghams now 12½c.; original price 20c.

Scotch Ginghams now 18c.; original price 25c.

Finest Scotch Ginghams 25c.; original prices 30c. and 37½c.

This is a rare opportunity to secure these fine goods at the low prices usually had for domestic makes.

SILKS AND VELVETS.

Lot Black Ottoman Silks reduced from $2 to $1.25.

Lot 19 in. Black Silk Velvet, price $1.35, down to $1.

Lot Black Rhadzimer Barre down from $1.50 to $1.25.

Lot Ant-ne Guinet Black Silk, 18 in, Gros Grain, at 50c.

40 per ct. less than regular price.

19 in., 70c.; great reduction.

20 in., 80c.; great reduction.

20 in., 90c.; great reduction, 30 per ct. off.

20 in., $1; great reduction.

One lot, 20 in., never sold less than $1.50; now $1.12½.

Another lot, never sold less than $2.25; $1.85.

Another lot, never sold less than $3.50, for $2.65.

Lot Black Satin Rhadamsa, 40c. per yd. less; what was $1.75 now $1.35.

Lot Summer Silks, 75c.

Lot 18 in. Gros Grain Silks, all colors, 50c.

Another lot 20 in, Gros Grain Silks, all colors, 75c.

Another lot 20 in. Gros Grain Silks, all colors, $1.

Lot Colored Damasse; former price, $1.50 and $2; down to 75c.

Another lot, from $2.75 and $3, down to $1.50.

Lot very fine Matelasse, $5; down to $3.

Lot Colored Satin Marveilleux, 21 in. wide, never sold less than $1.50; now $1.

Fancy Brocade Silks, from $2.50 to $8 per yd.; reduced one-half.

Lot Watered Silks, $1.75, $1.50, $1.25; all down to 75c.

Lot Colored Damasse, former price, $1.25; down to 95c.

Lot Black Damasse, $6.50; cut in half, $3.25.

BLACK GOODS.

Lot 800 yds. Black Cashmere, 70c.; were 90c.

Lot 15 80 yds. Black Lupin's Cashmere, at 40c.; never sold under 60c.

Lot 500 yds. All Wool Plaids, at 5 c; formerly 75c.

Lot 2000 6-4 Black All Wool Armure, sold at $1; now 75c.

Lot 42 in. Black Momie Cloth, sold at 75c.; now 55c.

Lot 1000 yds. 42 in. Black Ottoman Cloth, 65c.; now 50c.

Lot Ladies' Black French Cloth, 54 in., sold at $1.25; now $1.

Lot 44 in. Black Jersey Cloth, sold at $2.50; now $1.50.

Lot 2500 yds. Black All Wool Damasses, at 25c.; sold at 50c.

Lot 42 in. All Wool Black Diagonal, sold at 75c.; now 50c.

TRIMMING DEPARTMENT.

Lot of French Crochet Cotton, in balls, down from 50c. to 40c. a box of 10 balls.

Black Silk and Bead Tassels, reduced from 45 and 25c. to 5c. each.

Black Silk and Cashmere Embroidery, also reduced to 75c. and $1.

25 pieces Colored Passementerie red. from 75c. to 35c.

10 pieces Colored Passementerie red from $1 to 50c.

Handsome Embroidered Dress Fronts in dark and evening shades, from $16 to $10.

Lot Cashmere Embroidery from $3 to $1.

Lot Chenille Fringe from $5.75 to $2.50.

Lot Chenille Fringe from $4.50 to $3.

Lot Ball Fringe from $1.50 to 80c.

Lot Marabout Fringe from $1.50 to 50c.

Lot Marabout Fringe from $2 to 75c.

Lot Marabout Fringe from $2.75 to $1.

337 Ornaments reduced from 220c. to 10c.

500 dozen Metal Buttons, from 45c. to 25c.

365 dozen Pearl Buttons, from 30c. to 20c.

260 dozen Ivory Buttons, from 35c. to 20c.

Macrame Cord from 10 to 5c.

GLOVES.

Lot Children's Lined Gloves, fur tops, reduced from $1.35 to $1 per pair.

Lot Men's Lined Buttoned Gloves, sold at $1.50, now $1.

Lot Warmest Gloves made, Scotch wool, 65c. down to 50c., 75c. to 65c. and $1 to 85c.

Lot Ladies' Castor Gloves, sold at $1.25; now 75c.

Lot Ladies' Kid Gauntlets, sold at $2.50; now $1.50.

Lot Dents' best make two-button Gents' Kid Gloves, mostly light shades, at $1; were $2.25.

Lot genuine Foster Ladies' Kid Gloves, light shades, reduced from $2.25 to $1.50.

HANDKERCHIEFS.

783 dozen Gentleman's Pure Linen Handkerchiefs; woven borders and woven checked centres. Never sold less than 15c. each; now to be sold by the *dozen*, at $1 per dozen, and in no less quantity.

783 dozen Gentleman's Pure Linen Three-quarter Hemstitched Handkerchiefs; will be sold in not less than half dozen, at $1. Never sold less than $1.50. Very desirable.

259 dozen Printed Hemstitched; same price and sold in same quantities.

270 dozen Ladies' White Hemmed Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, from $1.20 down to 75c.; to be sold in lots of not less than one dozen.

666 dozen French Sheer Linen Cambric Hemmed Handkerchiefs, full 16 inches square; $1.50 per dozen. To be sold in not less than one-half dozen lots, at $1 per dozen.

CHINA.

Decorated Tea Sets, 55 pieces, down from $22.50 to $15. Fine Dinner sets, 120 pieces, from $85 to $60.

Minton Chamber sets (including Jar), $35 to $18.

LADIES' COATS AND WRAPS.

These lots are all new this season and many of the garments are just delivered from the manufacturers.

Ottoman, Sicilian and Satin Dolmans, fur trimmed and quilted linings.

$60 Dolman down to $40.

$50 Dolman down to $30.

$40 Dolman down to $27.50.

$40 Dolman down to $25.

$32 Dolman down to $22.

$30 Dolman down to $20.

$28 Dolman down to $18.

$25 Dolman down to $12.

$20 Dolman down to $10.

A special lot of imported short wraps, with chenille fringe.

Light cloth jackets, plush trimmed:

$12.00 to $8.00
10.00 to 7.00
8.00 to 6.50
5.00 to 4.00

Russian circulars, fur trimmed:

$25.00 to $20.00
20.00 to 15.00
15.00 to 13.00

Tailor-made cloth suits very low: $5.00, $7.50 $10.00, $12.00, $15.00 and $20.00.

Black stockinette jackets:

$12.00 reduced to $8.00
10.00 " 6.00
8.00 " 5.00

Black stockinette newmarkets:

$25.00 down to $20.00
22.00 " 18.00
20.00 " 15.00

CHILDREN'S COATS AND WRAPS

Lot of 40 Coats add Ulsters for children of 2 to 10 years. The latter reduced from $14.75 to $11.00

FURS.

2 Seal Dolmans reduced from $400 to $250. These are the best goods, 54 inches long.

1 Seal Dolman from $300 to $250.

1 Seal Dolman from $225 to $175.

1 Seal Dolman from $200 to $150.

6 or 8 Seal Coats, reduced from $175 to $125, and from $150 to $100.

8 Princess Louise Satin Garments, fur trimmed and fur lined, $25 down to $15.

Lot Fur-Lined Circulars go down to $16.50. Better lot goes down to $20.00. Still better lot down to $30.00.

3 Braided Satin Ulsters, Fur-Lined, from $150 to $10; another down to $75.

CLOTHS.

Lot of Imported Cloakings in Blue, Green and Olive Shades, dropped from $5 to 2.50 per yard.

Lot of Imported Cloakings in blue, green and olive, from $5 to $2.50.

Lot Wool Plush, 50 in. wide, reduced from $4 to $2.

Wool Plushes, 50c. to 25c.

Lot 6-4 Cloakings, light shades, from $2.50 reduced to $1.50.

Lot of ¾ Cashmeres, down from $1.25 to $1.

Lot Figured Sealskin Cloths, sold at $21; now $15.

Lot Drab Sealskin Cloth, sold at $9; now $5.

Lot Black Astrakan Cloth, sold at $4; now $2.50.

Lot 2500 yards Colored Velveteen, reduced from $1 to 75c.

Lot 54 in. Black Worsted, sold at $2; now $1.50.

Lot 1000 yds. 54 in. Plaid and Plain Ulster Cloth, sold at $2.50; now $1.50

Lot 54 in. Colored Cloakings, reduced from $1.50 to 75c.

Lot 54 in. Black Cloaking, formerly $5; now $3.75.

Lot 54 in. Black Basket Cloatings, formerly $7; now $5.

Lot Black Diagonals, sold at $4; now $3.

Lot Black Diagonals, sold at $3.50 now $2.50.

200 yds. All Wool Black English Stockinettes, 56 to 60 in. wide:

What was $5; now $3.
What was $6; now $4.
What was $7; now $5.

LACES.

Lot Ruchings, in several styles, reduced one-half.

Cream and Black Spanish Net, Matalesse and Hand Run, also cut down.

Lot Medicis Lace, reduced from 20c. to 13c.

Lot Medicis Lace, reduced from 45c. to 25c.

3000 yds. Torchon Laces, to be sold at one-third less than former prices.

3000 yds. Black French Laces, to be sold at a reduction of 40 per ct. on former prices.

Real Breton Laces, choice styles.

Reduced from 30c. to 20c.
Reduced from 50c. to 35c.
Reduced from 75c. to 40c.
Reduced from 60c. to 45c.

Nottingham Laces reduced 50 per ct.

Lot Linen Collars, 5 for 25c., former price, 12½c. each; 2 for 25c., former price, 20c. each.

Another lot Embroidered Collars, odd size, at one-half the former prices.

Lot Embroidered Cuffs, price cut in half.

Real Point and Real Duchess Laces. Lots of different widths. Reduced about one-third former prices.

Several lots Duchess Fichus, Collars and Handkerchiefs, reduced 50 per ct. on former prices.

Also, lot of Cream Spanish Fichus.

Lot Embroidered Black Laces, prices cut in half.

Lot Black Real Spanish Laces, reduced one-half.

Lot Hand run Mechlin Lace at half price.

Lot Black and Cream Spanish Scarfs and Fichus, reduced from $2.50 to $1.50; reduced from $3.75 to $2.50; reduced from $4.75 to $3; reduced from $15 to $10.

Lot Canvas Collars, reduced from 65c. to 50c.

3500 Silk Ties at one-half former prices.

EMBROIDERIES AND WHITE GOODS.

3000 pieces Nainsook Edgings and Insertings:

Lot, former price 50c.; now 40c.
Lot, former price 75c.; now 60c.
Lot, former price $1; now 75c.
Lot, former price $1.50; now $1.20.
Lot, former price $2.50; now $2.
Lot, former price $3; now $2.25.

500 pieces Ecru Edgings, Insertings, Dotted and Figured Swiss, at a reduction of 33 per cent.

LADIES' MUSLIN UNDERWEAR AND INFANTS' GOODS.

Lot Muslin Chemises, Hamburg trimmed, from $1.25 to 75c.

Lot Full Quilted Satin Skirts, from $18 to $13, and now to $10.

Another lot, Flannel-Lined from $10 to $7.

Lot or same, Silk-Lined, $10 to 7.00.

Same grade, Colored, to $5.

Large lot Lace, Valenciennes and Torchon Ladies' Gowns, down from $2.75 to $1.75.

A full line of Sets of Ladies' Underwear ranging from $5 to $30; price cut exactly in half.

Lot of Children's Winter Coats, Skirts, Leggings, Zephyr Caps, Underwear, at a reduction of one-third.

293 pairs Corsets, $1 and $1.25; down to 75c.

Lot Misses' Cloth Ulsters, Havelocks, Dresses and Wraps, at 25 per cent. off.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHINGS.

Large lot Black Silk Tycoon Ties put at 23c.

1,200 Linen Collars, large sizes, 4c. each, from 12½c.

Mis-mated four-ply Linen Cuffs, 8c. per pair, from 25c.

Paper Collars and Cuffs, five leading styles. The stock to be closed out at half price. No more to be kept.

Fifty dozen Suspenders, 27c. a pair; twenty dozen Boys' Suspenders, 10c. a pair.

Boys' White Shirts, small size 11½, 8-c. formerly 90c.

HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR.

856 doz. Super Stout Men's Half Hose. English full regular made. Never sold less than 17c.; down they go to 12½c., and will be sold in lots of not less than half dozen.

Another lot Fancy Colorings, Men's Half Hose, regular made, down to 18c.

Lot Full, Regular Made, Men's Shetland Wool Shirts and Drawers, at each.

10c doz. Superior Cashmere Half Hose, were 20c.; now 37c.

Lot Men's Canton Flannel Drawers, down from 75c. to 50c.

65 pairs Ladies' English Pure Silk Hose, all colors, from $4.50 to $2.50.

Lot full regular made Brown Mixed Hose, down to 15c. Misses' and Boys.

Lot Scarlet Shirts and Drawers, $1.75; down to $1.

Lot Misses' and Ladies' Cardigan Jackets, ranging in price from $2.25 to $4.75, reduced just one-half.

Lot Ladies' Chamois Waists,

$3 to $2.
$4 to $3.

Large lot of Levantine English Silk Umbrellas, down to $1.75. Paragon Frames, Natural Sticks.

LINENS AND BLANKETS.

Lot Oyster D'oyles, 50c., 14 in square.

Great lot of John S. Brown & Sons, Richardson's Sons & Owden, and other Manufacturers' Fine Table Cloths at a reduction of 30 per cent.

Lot of Fine Imported Spreads from $7 to $5.

Lot of Crib Spreads, 4 by 5, reduced 33 per cent.

Lot White 9-4 Blankets, strictly all wool, $4 to $3.

Another lot, same size, $1.35 to $1.

Another lot, 10-4, $2.25 to $1.75.

Another lot, same size, $3 to $2.50.

Another lot, same size, all wool, $3.50 to $2.85.

Another lot, 11-4 regular, $3 to $2.50.

Another lot, $4 to $3.25.

Still finer quality, 12-4, from $13.50 down to $10.50.

Lot of 50 pairs strictly all wool, 11-4 Blankets. A very low price $4.25; they go to $3.50.

LATER—*Special* lot of 1,000 pairs 11-4, or 72x84 inches, just reduced to $4.50 per pair. Will compare with any $6 Blankets sold.

Lot Russian Down Comfortables, 30 per cent off the price.

Large lot Damask Towels, 75c. per dozen.

Large lot Damask, finer, $1 per dozen.

Large lot Damask, still finer, $1.25 per dozen.

Lot of Cluny Lace Bordered Towels. Former price $15 per dozen; now reduced to 98c each.

Lot of Old Bleached Linen Towels, celebrated for its good quality flax, down to 25c. An extra quality 50c.; best we ever sold.

TABLE LINEN, &c.

A fine lot, good quality Barnsley Table Linen, 85c. from $1.00.

Fine Double Damask Cream Colored Table Linen reduced from $1.10 to 85c.

Extra large dinner Napkins, ¾ size, former price $4, now $3.

Lot 54-inch Pillow Linen from 70c. to 50c.; also 45-inch ditto from 55c. to 40c.

Linen Sheetings 12-4 or 9-4 yards wide:

$1.25 down to $1.
$1.35 down to $1.10.
$1.50 down to $1.20

In to-day's visit to the Linen quarter inquire for the printed Linen Lawns. They are now ready at

20c. reduced from 28.
25c. reduced from 31.
28c. reduced from 35.

MUSLINS.

The advent of the new year marks the beginning of the sewing season. We are prepared to distribute all the popular makes of Sheeting, Shirting and Pillow Muslins in all widths, in both bleached and unbleached, and at lower prices, in most instances, than you've before known.

In addition to the well known brands that have achieved a well merited reputation, we offer many reliable makes that are sold on their intrinsic merits, viz.:

A good 3-4 Bleached Muslin at 4½c.
A good 7-8 Bleached Muslin at 5c.
A good 4-4 Bleached Muslin at 6c.
A good 4-4 Canfloric Muslin at 9c.

MILLINERY GOODS.

Imported Felt Hats at 50c. and 75c.; former price, $2.50.

Trimmed Bonnets, which we do not care to keep and have marked down in a like proportion.

RIBBONS.

Sash Ribbons in large variety half the former price.

90 pieces Black Moire Ribbons. 9 in., 75c.; 8 in. 60c.

Lot Polka Dot ribbons, 8 in., reduced from 31.25 to 50c.

Lot Black Sash, 12 inches wide, $2; now $1.

7 in., same quality, $1; now 50c.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

100 Heavy All-wool Double Breasted Suits, were $4, now $3.

225 All-wool Blouse Suits, with neat cords down fronts and back, were $7.50 now $5.

150 pairs Boy's Pants, many of them all-wool, were $1.50 and $2, now $1.

30 Boy's Overcoats, dark Cass; were $6, now $4.

UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT.

Additional lots of 4-4 Embroidered Cloth Table Covers:

Prices were 85c.; reduced to 40c.
Prices were $1.10; reduced to 75c.
Prices were $1.50; reduced to 88c.

Also,

100 6-4 Embroidered Cloth Table Covers, formerly $1.15, now 75c.

113 7-4 formerly $1.50, now 90c.

46 8-4 formerly $2.25, now $1.50.

Lot Colored Bordered Nottingham Lace Curtains, reduced from $5.00 to $3. 0.

Lot White Bordered Nottingham Lace Curtains, reduced from $7.50 to $5.00, on Monday.

Lot Ecru Bordered Nottingham Lace Curtains, reduced from $14.00 to $10.00.

Another Lot reduced from $9.50 to $7.00.

Lot Madras Curtains, reduced from $14.00 to $5.00.

Lot Tamboured Swiss Curtains, reduced from $30.00 to $20.00.

Another Lot reduced from $25.00 to $15.00.

Finer grades in same proportion.

100 yards Embossed Silk Furniture Plush, was $4, down to $2.50.

1,000 Embroidered Cloth Table Covers

6-4, which sold at $1.50, now $1.

6-4, which sold at $2.50, now $1.50.

7-4, which sold at $1.75, now $1.

7-4, which sold at $3, now $1.25.

8-4, which sold at $2.25 now $1.25.

8-4, which sold at $4.50 now $2.50.

Embroidered Cloth Piano Covers:

8x12, which sold at $4, now $2.75.

8x12, which sold at $5, now $3.

8x12, which sold at $6, now $3.75.

Lot Plush Lamp Mats and Table Covers at one-half former prices.

BRIC-A-BRAC, ETC.

Bronzes and Brass Goods, together with a large lot of articles in Olive wood, consisting of odd pieces, at half price.

Jewel Boxes and Dressing Cases at one-third off former prices.

400 Bottles Cologne, 10c. to 75c.

Opera Glass shapes of same, reduced from 75c. to 40c.

Leather Card Cases in great variety.

Segar and Cigarette Cases in great variety.

Lot Plush Silk and Fur Bags, formerly sold at $2.25 and $4.00, reduced to 25 and 75c.

Fancy Card Cases, Portfolios, &c., &c.; from showing during the large Christmas trade they are necessarily a little soiled and are marked at such prices as will insure speedy sale.

STATIONERY.

25 Plush Boxes of Paper and Envelopes for $2.50, some having sold at $5 to $7 each.

100 Plush Photo Albums at $2, worth much more and scarce on the market.

100 assorted Plush and Leather Photo Albums cut as low as $5 to $12.

1,000 Fancy Boxes of paper and Envelopes, in assorted tints, worth 40c., for 25c. each.

SHOES.

Lot Misses' Straight Goat Buttoned Shoes, Sizes 11 to 2, $3.00 to $2.25;

Another lot Straight Goat Button Shoes, Sizes 11 to 2, $2.50 to $2.50.

Misses' Curacoa Kid Button Shoes, Size 11 to 2, $3.75 to $2.75.

Misses' Curacoa Kid Button Shoes, 2, $3.50 to $2.50.

Children's Pebble and Straight Goat, Sizes 4 to 8, $2.00 to $1.37.

Children's Pebble and Straight Goat, Sizes 8½ to 10½, $2.50 to $1.62.

Children's Pebble and Kid Button Boots, Sizes 7 to 10½, $1.50 to $1.00.

Another lot Kid Button Boots, Sizes 7 to 10½, $1.25 to 75c.

Another lot Pebble Goat Button Boots, Sizes, 7 to 10½, $1.15 to 75c.

Another lot Pebble Goat Button Boots, $1.75 to $1.25.

Children's Pebble Goat Balmorals, $1.00 to 50 cents.

Infant's Shoes 75c. to 25c.

Lot Women's French Kid Shoes, hand sewed, from $7.50 to $5.50. Another lot from $6.50 to $4.50.

Lot Satin Slippers,

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

FRIDAY, JANUARY 18, 1884.

Correct Railroad Time Table.

Trains on the Philadelphia & R. R. leave Rupert as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
6:36 a. m.	11:45 a. m.
4:06 p. m.	6:13 p. m.

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Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7:27 a. m.	8:25 a. m.
10:32 a. m.	11:52 a. m.
6:36 p. m.	4:36 p. m.

The 11:45 train south connects with the Philadelphia & Reading at Rupert, and with the Northern Central at Northumberland.

The 8:25 a. m. train connects at Northumberland with the 9:25 train on Pennsylvania road, reaching Philadelphia at 3:19 p. m.

The 11:45 train connects with Philadelphia and Reading road at Rupert at 11:53 reaching Philadelphia at 6:00 p. m.

The 11:45 train connects with Pennsylvania road at Northumberland at 1:45, reaching Philadelphia at 7:25 p. m.

The 4:30 p. m. train connects with Pennsylvania road at Northumberland at 8:05 p. m., and reaches Philadelphia at 3:05 a. m.

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Trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloom Ferry as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7:41 a. m.	12:01 p. m.
6:31 p. m.	7:07 p. m.

Personal.

Samuel Loreman of Nebraska is visiting relatives in this county.

Miss Carrie Buck, of Ashland, is visiting Eliza M. Kuhn.

HOUSE TO LET.—Call on W. Krickbaum.

No decision has yet been rendered in the sewer case.

Tickets to all points in the West on sale at the office of W. C. McKinney.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Knorr lost an infant child last week. It was buried on Friday.

FOR SALE.—A steam engine nearly new, six horse power. Inquire at this office.

George Tustin took charge of the Catawissa Deposit Bank on Tuesday, as Cashier, in place of B. R. Davis, resigned.

W. T. Snyder of Berwick had a fall one day last week by which one of his hands was disabled temporarily.

Hughes Bros. brewery at Pittston was destroyed by fire last week Thursday. Loss about $30,000.

A sleighing party of ten couples from Berwick spent a pleasant evening at the Exchange Hotel on Monday.

Two sleighloads of little girls took a drive to Berwick last Saturday under the general superintendence of Col. Jamison.

If you contemplate going West, call at the Pennsylvania R. R. ticket office, Main St. Bloomsburg. W. C. McKinney agent.

J. C. Rutter Jr., is authorized to collect bills due this office, and receipt for the same.

The market reports will be carefully corrected each week, and may be relied on as accurate, by our readers.

John W. Gibbs has just added to his livery a fine side seated sleigh. He drove it for the first time on Tuesday.

Initials stamped on any of our boxed paper, in gold or silver, free of charge, at the COLUMBIAN store.

The Royal Hand Bell Ringers and Glee Singers of London will appear at the Opera House on Monday evening February 4th. Tickets 25, 35 and 50 cents.

Andrew M. Barber, a half brother of the late William and John Robison, died on New Year's day in Butler county, this state, aged nearly 80 years.

The bills that have been passed by the town council for the construction of the sewer up to this time, amounts to $1355,-72.

The coasters on Scott Town hill made so much noise last Saturday night, that Constable Woodward stopped the fun, at the request of residents in that vicinity.

Two more candidates are mentioned for the office of Register and Recorder. They are Michael F. Eyerly of this town, and William L. Manning of Jackson.

Every Democratic candidate for county office should possess a copy of the rules of the party governing nominating conventions. They are for sale at this office.

John E. Vanatta has become one of Berwick's most enterprising young business men. He has a fine store and keeps a large stock of jewelry, watches, silverware, &c.

We inadvertently remarked in our last issue that the county statement would be published this week. It will not appear until next month, as it must first receive the approval of the Court.

A number of fatal coasting accidents have been reported in different parts of the country. This is a dangerous pastime and those who indulge in it cannot exercise too much care.

Mr. Will W. Wirt, formerly of this town, now editing a paper at Alexandria, Nebraska, was married at that place on the 24th of December, to Miss Anna M. Nightingale.

If you are in need of a first class watch in either gold or silver cases, at a figure lower than ever, call at L. Bernhard's jewelry store. Also a large line of silverware, jewelry, gold spectacles, &c. All warranted.

The horses attached to Buckalew Bros'. passenger sleigh while left standing in front of the Exchange last Friday, concluded to make a trip on their own hook, and started down the street at a pretty fast gait. In front of I. W. McKelvy's store Warren Eyer grabbed the reins as they passed him, and stopped them before any damage was done.

FOR SALE.—At wholesale and retail, and at greatly reduced rates, a job lot of improved Keystone Cultivators, the BEST and CHEAPEST cultivator, for all purposes, in the market. Address,

N. B. MEIXELL,
1-4-4t Lewisburg, Pa.

Three days were occupied by the court last week in hearing the Argument List, which contained forty-four cases. Many of them involve important principles of law which will require some time for examination and final disposition, so it is probable that not half of the cases argued can be decided by February court.

The trade in Christmas cards last month was larger than ever before. The indications are that St. Valentine's day will be observed by the sending of more missives than were ever sent on that day or at Christmas time. The valentines for this year are more beautiful than ever, and some of the new ones are very attractive. The largest and finest display of valentines will be found at the COLUMBIAN store in due season.

"Pansy," Mrs. Alden, gives an entertainment at Berwick, Friday evening, reading an original story.

A dispatch to the Philadelphia *Times* a few days ago intimated that something was wrong in the accounts of the Building Commission of the Miners' Hospital at Ashland, and stated that the Secretary and Treasurer, D. A. Beckley of this town, had not accounted for all the funds. Mr. Beckley informs us that a full report has been made to the Board of State Charities, and not only is every dollar accounted for, but he is forty or fifty dollars out of pocket, some items of expense not having been brought to his attention.

The firm of Holmes & Schuyler was dissolved on the 14th inst., J. R. Schuyler having purchased the interest of W. O. Holmes. The business will be continued under the firm name of J. R. Schuyler & Co. This house is one of the largest hardware establishments in this section, and has a very wide wholesale patronage. Mr. Schuyler is an excellent business man, and will fully maintain the reputation that the house has enjoyed for many years. We understand that Mr. Holmes will remain with the new firm for the present, as traveling salesman.

The concert given at the Opera House last Friday night by Mrs. Nuss' music pupils and others, was a very pleasant affair. A nice audience was in attendance, and showed its appreciation of amateur talent by frequent applause. The first part of the programme consisted of instrumental and vocal music, embracing two duets for violin and piano by Miss Laura Nuss and Mr. S. Krebs, which were well executed. The second part was the operetta of "Penelope" the characters being represented by Miss Cora Weist, Miss Bates, Messrs. Kinports, Krebs and Cox. Miss Weist though only 16 years of age has a very pleasant voice, and her singing and acting was excellent. The other characters were well sustained.

We published last week an item clipped from an exchange concerning the expiration of the terms of borough officers, which was erroneous. The Act of Assembly which was approved June 13th 1883 applies only to persons thereafter elected, so that the present officers will hold until the first Monday of April. Those who are elected next month will hold office until the first Monday of March 1885.

The second section provides that the borough auditors shall meet on the second Monday of March 1883, to settle accounts, and on the second Monday of March each year thereafter. As the Act did not become a law until June 13th 1883, it did not go into effect last year, and as all present borough officers will hold office until April, it cannot operate this year.

Wisdom is not always an accompaniment of old age, and therefore it is a matter of little importance which is the oldest paper in the county, so long as the COLUMBIAN is generally conceded to be the *best*; but as a matter of fact it is also the oldest. THE COLUMBIAN AND DEMOCRAT is the name published at the top of our pages, the two papers having been consolidated in 1869. The *Democrat* did not cease to exist, but continued as before, all its office material, subscription list, &c., being combined with the COLUMBIAN. The DEMOCRAT was established in 1837, the *Republican* in 1857, making us twenty years old when the *Republican* was born. At one time this paper was the *Columbia Democrat*, at another the *Democrat & Star*, at another the *Bloomsburg Democrat*, and now, the COLUMBIAN & DEMOCRAT. Our neighbor has sometimes been *The Republican* and sometimes the *Columbia County Republican*, but this has not made it a new paper. Under these facts our "accustomed assurance" still leads us to assert that we publish the oldest paper in the county.

Making Things Lively.

There's a philosophy about sensations that people are mighty apt to overlook. It is not the man who puts all his dynamite in one blast that is felt the most. When its over, he's over, too. 'Tis the man who does something and keeps on doing something till you yield to his influence as a part of your daily being. This sort of a man is John Wanamaker. His reduction sale advertisement is only a surprise in this, that if it was not this it would be something else to make things lively at this usually dull season.—*Philada. Inquirer.*

Mifflin Items.

County Superintendent Grimes visited some of the schools here on Monday.

Who paid for the oysters? Boys, answer.

Mrs. Reuben Miller met with a serious accident on Tuesday last. While sweeping the snow off the front porch she fell and broke her left arm in two places.

Mrs. John Kromer, of town, died on Friday night. The funeral took place on Sunday.

Benjamin Hetler died of old age on Saturday. His remains were interred in the Shaffer cemetery on Monday.

The Snyder Bros. will move their stock to Lewisburg about the first of April.

There will be a district institute held in the new school house on February 9th.

A party of about seventy persons, accompanied by the band from this place, surprised Jacob Fetherolf, of Catawissa, on Thursday. Similar parties leave here daily for Berwick, Bloom, Espy, Mainville or some other point.

The wind on Tuesday night, 8th inst., did some damage in these parts.

John Lutz has bought the farm belonging to the heirs of Philip Hetler, deceased.

Buckhorn Items.

Rev. Mortimer is holding an interesting meeting in the M. E. church.

Mr. Charles Fernwald and family paid A. B. Hartman a visit recently.

A number of families have left this town, and gone where they can get employment.

Mrs. Wiedman, an aged lady in this township, who has been suffering with cancer, died on the 13th.

Mr. S. W. Pursel loaded and shipped five carloads of bark to Philadelphia recently.

James Harris and Wm. Leidy sent the remainder of their terrapins to Wilkes-Barre on Thursday.

D. W. Harris has returned from Woodstown, N. J., where he has been visiting his brother.

Dr. Montgomery has the finest sleigh in town.

Notice those new bobs of Charles Hartman's.

Mr. John Hartman's improvements are on a strike.

Miss Anna Savidge of Benton is visiting in this community.

A birthday Party was held in honor of Esau Girton recently, he being 81 years old. He lives 4½ miles from Bloomsburg and can walk there and back in a half a day.

The persons from Wedgetown who came from Bloomsburg to C. H. Deitrick's hotel drunk Saturday night and broke chairs, window lights and made a general disturbance are likely to get in trouble.

The members of Rescue Fire Company went to Danville on Wednesday and were handsomely entertained by the Good Will of that place. The Rescue will reciprocate when an opportunity is afforded.

A party of ladies and gentlemen of this town, numbering about 90, took supper at the Exchange Hotel on Tuesday night. After the dining hall was cleared the younger couples engaged in dancing and kept it up until about three o'clock Wednesday morning. The supper was one of those feasts for which the house is celebrated, and everything passed off very delightfully.

Stillwater Jottings.

"I crown the king of intimate delights,
Fire-side enjoyments, home-born happiness,
And all the comforts that the lowly roof
Of undisturbed retirement, and the hours
Of long uninterrupted evening, know."

We are having "a spell" of most excellent sleighing, and many jolly parties seem to richly enjoy it.

Blind Charley held forth a couple of evenings last week in the M. E. church.

The Cambra Christian church was dedicated clear of debt. Rev. O. A. Bartholomew of Philadelphia, preached two excellent sermons, and entertained the large audiences with some fine singing.

Marvey McHenry killed a hog weighing 608 pounds. This was considerable of a porker.

Rev. D. M. Kinter left on Tuesday for Williamsport where he will assist Revs. C. W. Cooper and M. B. Ryan, Pastor, in a protracted meeting.

The new railroad is now generally looked upon as a fixed fact. However the people of this valley do not want to settle down to a state of apathy yet, or they may miss it. Let every man who is not an old fossil keep the matter agitated till success is assured. We are quite proud of our Director, and Reporter speaks for a position at once.

Wal. Frease and Miss Mary E. McHenry of Rohrsburg started out on a matrimonial voyage on New Year's morning. "The seas be calm &c." The Rev. D. M. Kinter said the words that sent them on life's tempestuous ocean.

We have had no deaths, accidents, robberies, fires or other casualties to record, hence jottings are scarce hereabouts.

R. E. PORTER.

LOCAL NOTICES.

W. J. Correll & Co. keep always on hand a large assortment of furniture to select from. Any special orders filled on short notice.

Fresh bread, rolls, biscuit and cakes of every description, at Phillips' Domestic bakery. 2w

For bargains in ranges, stoves and stove repairs of all kinds go to Sharpless' foundry. Dec 28-14

Florida oranges from DeBarry's grove at Phillips' bakery. 2w

BUSINESS NOTICES.

MR. GEORGE DODGE SPEAKS.

This gentleman lives in emporium, Pa., and says, "One of my men, Sam Lewis, while working in the woods sprained his ankle so bad he could hardly hobble to the house. Used *Thomas' Eclectric Oil* and was ready for work the next morning. I have never yet seen so good a medicine."

Scranton, March 10, 1882.

Thirty-five years ago I was seized with Acute Rheumatism. Since that time I have never been free from it until I gave Phelps' Rheumatic Elixir a thorough trial. It cured me and I freely endorse it as a positive cure for chronic rheumatism.

SARAH MCCARTHY,
Matron to Rt. Rev. Bishop O'Hara of St. Vincent's Cathedral, Scranton, Pa., for the past twelve years.

For sale at Hendershott's Pharmacy Bloomsburg, Pa.

GLAD TO HEAR IT.

"For several months I endured a dull pain through my lungs and shoulders; lost my spirits, appetite and color, and could with difficulty remain from my bed. My present healthful condition is due to *Burdock Blood Bitters.* Mrs. E. A. Hall, Binghampton, N. Y.

Essex County, Va.—Mr. James R. Micon, clerk, says: "I have used Brown's Iron Biters and found it valuable for the purposes which it claims."

CONVINCING.

The proof of the pudding is not in chewing the string, but in having an opportunity to test the article direct. C. A. Kleim, the Druggist, has a free trial bottle of Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup for each and every one who is afflicted with Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption or any Lung Affection. July 6-eow

A BAPTIST MINISTER'S EXPERIENCE.

"I am a Baptist Minister, and before I thought of ever being a clergyman I graduated in medicine, but left a lucrative practice for my present profession, forty years ago. I was for many years a sufferer from quinsy. *Thomas' Eclectric Oil* cured me. I was also troubled with hoarseness, *Thomas' Eclectric Oil* always relieved me. My wife and child had diphtheria, and *Thomas' Eclectric Oil* cured them, and if taken in time it will cure seven times out of ten. I am confident it is a cure for the most obstinate cold, or cough, and if any one will take a small teaspoonful and half fill it with oil, and then place the end of the spoon in one nostril and draw the oil out of the spoon into the head, by sniffing as hard as they can, and until the oil falls over into the throat, and practice it twice a week, I don't care how offensive their head may be, it will clean it out and cure their catarrh. For deafness and earache, it has done wonders to my certain knowledge. It is the only medicine dubbed patent medicine that I ever felt like recommending, and I am very anxious to see it in every place, for I tell you I would not be without it in my house for any consideration. I am now suffering with a pain like rheumatism in my right limb, and nothing relieves me like Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Dr. E. F. Crane, Corry, Pa.

A good, medicinal tonic, with real merit, is Brown's Iron Bitters.

DESERVED POPULARITY.

The Phelps' Rheumatic Elixir which has accomplished so many excellent results here, is rapidly gaining its well deserved popularity in other parts of the country. Sufferers from rheumatism soon find out whether medicine labelled a "remedy" or "cure" is or is not what it purports to be, and they are rapidly marshaling under the banner of "Phelps." As far as we and our readers are concerned we need only say that we unconditionally adhere to all we have testified in favor of the Elixir.

E. H. RAUCH,
Editor CARBON COUNTY DEMOCRAT,
Mauch Chunk, Pa.

For sale at Hendershott's Pharmacy, Bloomsburg, Pa.

RUIN WROUGHT IN THE FOREST.

How distressing it is to see acres of trees cut down in the midst of a noble forest. How saddening it is to see that thin spot in the midst of your otherwise abundant hair. Stop it at once by the use of Parker's Hair Balsam. For actual efficiency this famous article stands at the head of its class. Elegant for the toilet; delicious in ordor, and restores the original color to gray or faded hair. Economical, as a slight, occasional application keeps the hair and scalp in perfect order.

HOPELESS EPILEPSY CURED.

"The doctors pronounced my case to be one of hopeless epilepsy," says our correspondent, W. C. Browning, Attorney at Law, Judsonia, Ark., and declared death to be my only relief. *Samaritan Nervine* has cured me. Get at druggists. $1.50.

CAUSE OF FAILURE.

Want of confidence accounts for half of the business failures of to-day. C. A. Kleim, the Druggist, is not liable to fail for the want of confidence in Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup, for he gives away a bottle free to all who are suffering with Cough, Colds, Asthma, Consumption and all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

July 6-eow

Fitted out for the season. Dresses, cloaks, coats, stockings and all garments can be colored successfully with the Diamond Dyes. Fashionable colors. Only 10c. at druggists. Wells, Richardson & Co. Burlington, Vt.

Six bottles of Phelps' Rheumatic Elixir cured me of a severe case of Sciatic Rheumatism of the right hip of many years' standing. If any of my friends are so afflicted, I advise them to give it a trial.

A. L. SPENCER,
Wyoming Avenue, Scranton, Pa.

Rheumatic Syrup Co;

Wolcott, N. Y.

Gents—I have been troubled for the past year with rheumatism, or cramp in my limbs, so at times I could scarcely get around. I consulted several physicians and was treated by them, but received no relief or benefit. I commenced taking Rheumatic Syrup, and three bottles cured me entirely. I can most heartily recommend your syrup, for it has cured quite a number that I am personally acquainted with.

HARLOW MERRILL,
Of the firm of Merrill & Booth.

An excess of calcareous or limy matter in the blood and an insufficient supply of acid in the urine to hold these particles in solution is the direct cause of gravel, and the best known remedy to dissolve and expel these corrupt and poisonous particles from the system is Rheumatic Syrup.

OPORTO GRAPE JUICE PRESERVED.

The Port Grape Wine of New Jersey is the best medicinal wine, and it is said that the vintage of A. Speer far excels any produced. It is heavy in body, rich in flavor and adapted for sickly persons and for general family use. Mr. Speer also preserves the Oporto Grape Juice just as it runs fresh from the press without fermentation, for the use of temperance people and churches; it is called unfermented Grape Juice. For sale by druggists.

Warrenton, N. C. Rev. J. E. C. Barham, says: "I used Brown's Iron Bitters. It is a complete restorative, tonic and appetizer."

Ayer's Hair Vigor improves the beauty of the Hair and promotes its growth. It imparts an attractive appearance, a delightful and lasting perfume. While it stimulates the roots, cleanses the scalp, and adds elegance to luxuriance, its effects are enduring; and thus it proves itself to be the best and cheapest article for toilet use.

LADIES SHOULD REMEMBER, a beautiful complexion results from using Acker's Blood Elixir. Sold by J. H. Kinports at $1.

See a woman in another column, near Speer's Vineyards, picking grapes from which Speer's Port Grape Wine is made, that is so highly esteemed by the medical profession, for the use of invalids, weakly persons and the aged.

Sold by C. A. Kleim, Bloomsburg. sept 22-1y

THEIR NAME IS LEGION.

Legions of people have had their lives made miserable by Piles. This painful difficulty is often induced and always aggravated by Constipation. Kidney-Wort is the great remedy for all affections of this kind. It acts as a gentle cathartic, promotes a healthy action of the bowels, and soothes and heals the inflamed surfaces. It has cured hundreds of cases where all other remedies and applications have failed. Sold by all druggists.

CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH and even Asthma *immediately* relieved by Acker's English Remedy. Sold under guarantee by J. H. Kinports, druggists.

"I DON'T FEEL WELL!" The stomach is out of order; neglected this means chronic dyspepsia. You should take Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets and avoid this terrible disease. Sold by J. H. Kinports, druggist.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$ 1 07
Rye " "	70
Corn " "	65
Oats " "	40
Flour per barrel	5 50
Cloverseed	
Butter	30
Eggs	30
Tallow	08
Potatoes	35
Dried Apples	06
Hams	14
Sides and shoulders	10
Chickens	8
Turkeys	12
Lard per pound	11
Shoulders per ton	12 00
Beeswax	25
Buckwheat flour per hundred	4 00
Lard per lb	11
Hides per lb	5 to 7
Veal skins per lb	08
Sheep pelts, each	75
Wool per lb	30

Philadelphia Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

FEED—Western winter bran, spot at 19. red middlings, spot at 19.75; choice white meddlings $20.50 per ton.

MACKEREL.—Extra mess 350, large 1's, 28 @ 30c. extra shore 1's 25 @ 26c.

FLOUR.—Western extra's 3.20; Pennsylvania family, 4.75, Ohio clear, 5.31½; winter patent 6. @ 6.25.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.—Pure scarce and wanted 3.40 @ 3.50; mixtures rule and dull at 3.00 @ 3.25 per 100 lbs.

WHEAT.—Delaware red at 1.10, No 1 Pennsylvania red 1.11.

RYE.—Prime Pennsylvania 65c.

CORN.—60c bushels Pennsylvania rejected yellow, very damp at 57.

OATS.—No. 3 white 43½ @ 44 No. 2 42½ @ 43.

HAY AND STRAW Timothy—Choice Western and New York, 16.; fair to good Western and New York, 13. @ 14.; medium Western and New York, 10. @ 12.; Cut hay as to quality 1.; @ 17.50. Rye straw 13.50, Wheat straw, 8. @ 9. Oat straw 9.

SEEDS.—Clover 10½c per lb. Timothy 1.40 @ 1.45 per bushel, Flax 1.53 per bushel.

WOOL.—Ohio, Pennsylvania and West Virginia, Fleece Washed, XX and above, 39 @ 42c; X 36 @ 38c; common 25 @ 27c. Texas, Fall clip fine 20 @ 22, medium 22 @ 24, coarse, 16 @ 17.

EGGS.—Pennsylvania extra, 28 @ 30c. Western extra, 27 @ 28c; limed, extra 24 @ 25.

BUTTER.—Pennsylvania extra, 37 @ 38; Western 35 @ 36c.

LIVE POULTRY.—Fowls, Hens, 11 @ 12c mixed lots 10 @ 11c. roosters old 6 @ 7c. turkeys, 13 @ 14c. ducks 13 @ 14 geese 10 @ 11.

DRESSED POULTRY.—Turkeys extra 16 @ 17, chickens extra 15; ducks choice 15 @ 17; geese choice 11 @ 12.

POTATOES.—Early Rose per bushel, 40c; Burbanks and Rebrons, 41 @ 45c.

ONIONS.—Yellow, 1.25 @ 1.40 per bbl.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of Sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, on

Monday, Feb'y 4, 1884

at 2 o'clock, p. m.,

All that certain tract of land situated in Pine township, Columbia county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: adjoining lands of Abram Titman on the north, lands of Elizabeth Ellis on the east, lands of Jeremiah Berger on the south and lands of Abram Titman on the west; containing fifty acres, more or less, whereon are erected a two-story frame dwelling house, bank barn and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution as the property of Cornelius McUrn, with notice to Henry Applegate as Terre Tenant, at the suit of W. H. Hayman.

Knorr, Atty. Vend. Ex.

ALSO

All that certain lot of ground situate in Briarcreek township, county of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: on the north by lands of J. C. Smith, on the east by Huntington road, on the south by road leading from Huntington road to Susquehanna Turnpike, on the west by lands of Solomon Bower, containing eleven acres, more or less. The building on said premises, against which mechanic's lien was filed, is a two-story frame building about thirty feet in front by sixteen in depth.

Seized, taken into execution, at the suit of Freas Bros. vs. Nelson Freas, administrator of Adam Detrick, deceased, and to be sold as the property of Adam Dietrick, deceased. Lev. Fa.

ALSO

A certain lot or parcel of land situate in Fishing creek township, Columbia county, Pa., lying on the west side of Big Fishing creek adjoining land of Thomas J. Hutchison on the north, and Barnet Ammerman and Lazarus on the west, containing one acre and one hundred and twenty perches—whereon are erected a one and one-half story frame dwelling house, frame stable and other outbuildings. Fruit trees on the premises.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of the Orangeville Mutual Saving Fund & Loan Association vs. Leah Neyhard and John Neyhard, and to be sold as the property of Leah Neyhard and John Neyhard.

Jan. 9, 1884.

C. W. Miller, Atty's.
Bloomsburg, Jan. 1., '84. JOHN MOUREY,
Jackson & Little, Atty's. Sheriff.

LIST OF CASES.

FEBRUARY TERM.

S. P. Case and S. P. Wolverton vs D. H. & W. R. R. Co.
Henry Rhoads vs. Daniel Boyer and Andrew Boyer, T. T.
George W. Helfrick, receiver, vs. Joseph M. Freck.
Orangeville M. S. F. & L Association vs. Joseph A. Henrie, et al.
John R. Yohe vs. John Hinderliter.
Wm. F. Bibby vs. I H. Secsholtz, et al.
Catherine Schmeck's use vs. W. F. Bibby.
J. M. Smith, assignee, vs. Calvin Clark, et al.
W. G. Yetter, executor, vs. Wm. Yeager.
Geo. Bevan vs. L. A. Riley & Co.
Casper Rhawn's admr. vs. N. & W. B. Ry. Co.
Isaac Weckerly's executors vs. D. B. Frederick.
Frank McLaughlin vs. M. E. Walker.
Ephraim Kramer vs. N. & W. B. Ry. Co.
C. B. Brockway's assignee vs. N. & W. B. Ry. Co.
D. A. Hess vs. N. & W. B. Ry. Co.
Daniel Walter vs. J. P. Lewis.
Aaron Bogart vs. Peter Bogart.
F. P. Evans vs. U. H. Ent Sheriff.
Phineas Smith vs. N. & W. B. Ry. Co.
Eli Weaver vs. Peter J. Weaver, executor.
Lloyd Shuman vs. N. & W. B. Ry. Co.
Lloyd Yeager vs. N. & W. B. Ry. Co.
Henry Harner, et ux., vs. N. & W. Ry. Co.
Andrew Creveling vs. William Thomas.
Levi Kurtz vs. Joseph Beam, et ux.
D. F. Seybert vs. Geo Breisch.
Gideon Stecker's admr. vs. Thos. Hickey.
Stephen Wolf vs. John M. Miller.
Alinas Cole vs. Sarah Hess.
Jacob Hains vs. N. & W. B. Ry. Co.
W. G. Yetter vs. N. & W. B. Ry. Co.
Jane Moyer vs. James S. Lewars, admr.
William Coleman vs. C. F. Falmer, et al.
City of Phila. Trustees vs. Abram Betting et al.
John Shuman vs. N. & W. B. Ry.
John Brofee vs. William Billman.
John Brofee vs. Andrew Rupp.
H. W. Weir vs. Richard Angell, et al.
David Wilson, et ux. vs. Harvey Graham.
Lydia Robbins vs. Jacob B. Stoker's Adm.
A. J. Evans vs J. B. Robinson.
W. R. Jackson vs Sherman Boooth.
Peter Helwig's Ex'r vs Peter Helwig.
George Boyer vs Thomas Geragty.
H. W. Hess, et al vs Hiram F. Everett.
D. S. Laubach vs J. W. & S. A. Smith.
A. J. Colley vs Jacob Young.
Isaac C. Burrell vs. Phila. & Reading R. R. Co.
J. K. Robbins & Son vs Charles Hughes.
O. D. L. Kostenbauder vs Charles Hughes.
H. E. Heacock vs. William Masteller.

NOTICE TO SATISFY MORTGAGES.

TO JOHN B. SCOTT:

You are hereby notified and required to show cause, on or before the first Monday of February A. D. 1884, before the court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, why said Court shall not make a decree, directing the Recorder of deeds of said county to enter satisfaction on mortgage dated September 12th A. D. 1874, for the sum of $1330,00 Anna Workheteer to John B. Scott, recorded in mortgage book No. 8, page 444, &c., in and for said county.

JOHN MOUREY,
Sheriff's office, Sheriff.
Bloomsburg, Dec. 19, '83. dec 21

Public Sale!

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate.

In pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Columbia, Pa., the undersigned "Directors of the Poor and of the House of Employment for the township of Madison," will sell at public sale, on the premises, below described, on

Saturday Feb. 9, 1884,

at two o'clock, p. m., the following described valuable real estate, to-wit: The undivided one-third of which Milton Wellver, died, seized, and the undivided one-third of which Phineas Wellver is seized in a certain lot or piece of land situate in the township of Madison, in said county of Columbia, at or in the village of Jerseytown, bounded north by the public road leading from Jerseytown to Washingtonville, west by lot of land belonging to the heirs of Daniel Ross, deceased, south by land of J. C. Fruit, and east by lot of land of Mary Stout, containing

One-Fourth of an Acre of Land

more or less, on which are erected a two-story

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

and out-buildings.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, and the remaining two-thirds at confirmation of sale. Purchaser to pay for deed.

Jan. 12, 1884.

CONRAD KREAMER,
JACOB M. GIRTON,
THOMAS GINGLES,
1-18-3t Directors of the Poor, &c.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs of Lev. Fa. & Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg, on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 9th, 1884.

at 2 o'clock P. M., all that certain tract of land situate in Fishing creek township, Columbia County Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a Hemlock, on the East bank of Fishing creek, thence by lands of Hiram Hess, North 58 degrees East, 81 perches to a stone on the bank of Raven creek; thence down Raven creek, thence down Raven Creek south eighty-five degrees east twelve perches; South sixty-six and one-half degrees East, 29 perches; North fifty-eight degrees East, twelve perches; South thirty-two degrees East, sixty-six and one-half perches; South 17 degrees West, 20 perches to a sugar tree stump; thence by lands of William Patterson's heirs north seventy-two degrees West, seventeen and one-tenth perches to a hickory; West twenty-six and one-half perches; South seventy-five degrees East thirty-one perches to a birch; South fifty-four degrees East eighty-nine and five-tenths perches; thence by land of Elias McHenry's heirs South fifty-eight degrees West sixty-one perches, thence by the same North thirty-two degrees West ten perches; North fifty-eight degrees East one perch; North thirty-two degrees West sixty-four perches North seventy-eight degrees West twenty-six perches; South fifty-five degrees West twenty-five perches to a post by hickory; thence by land of Moses McHenry, North thirty-two perches to a sugar tree; thence North twelve degrees East 27 and four-tenth perches; North sixty-five degrees West eighteen and four-tenths perches; North fifty-eight degrees East from a red oak, ten perches to the East side of Fishingcreek; thence along the East side of the creek North sixty-five degrees West forty-five perches to the place of beginning, containing 93 acres and twenty-five perches strict measure with the appurtenances

(Reserving school house, lot and land sold to E. J. McHenry to cover water power.)

On which are erected a two and one-half story frame dwelling house, frame barn and other outbuildings.

Seized taken into execution at the suit of Phebe Wolf, et al., and to be sold as the property of Mary A. Woods and J. S. Woods.

KNORR & WINTERSTEEN, Atty's.
Sheriff's office, January 16, 1884.
JOHN MOUREY, Sheriff.

LICENSE NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following named persons have filed with the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace of Columbia County, their petitions for license which will be presented to the said Court on Monday the 4th day of February 1884, at Two o'clock P. M.

John F. Keller,	Bottler,	Berwk Bor.
M. A. Markle,	Restaurant,	do. do.
William H Gilmore,	Bottler,	Bloomsburg
Fred M. Gilmore,	Restaurant,	do do
Cortez B. Robbins,	Liquor Store,	do do
W. R. Tubbs,	Hotel,	do
Andrew C. Rooney,	Restaurant,	Centralia
John Nertney,	do	do
James J. Murphy,	Hotel,	do
William Peiffer,	Hotel,	do
D. F. Curry,	Hotel,	do
Martin F. Ryan,	Restaurant,	do
Charles Fetterman,	do	do
James McBrearty,	do	do
Robert Farrel,	do	do
Michael Bakey,	do	do
John S. Mann,	Hotel,	Centre
G. W. Hilman,	do	Conyngham
Samuel Hagenbuch,	do	Orange
George Heckman,	do	do
G. M. Baker,	Restaurant,	Scott,

WM. KRICKBAUM,
Clerk, Q. S.

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY. Mover's new building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Assets.
Ætna Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn.	$7,018,22
Royal of Liverpool	15,500,004
Lancashire	10,000,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia	4,165,710
Phœnix, of London	5,266,317
London & Lancashire, of England	1,709,979
Hartford of Hartford	3,273,656
Springfield Fire and Marine	2,092,580

As the agencies are direct, policies are written for the insured without any delay in the office at Bloomsburg. Oct. 25, '81-tf.

Unlucky Wedding Days.

Prospective brides may be interested to learn that there are thirty-two days in the year on which it is unlucky to marry according to the authority of a manuscript dated in the fifteenth century. These days are January 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 10, 15; February 6, 7, 18; March 1, 6, 8; April 6, 11; May 5, 6, 7; June 7, 15; July 5, 19; August 15, 19; September 5, 7; October 6; November 15, 16, and December 15, 16, 17. Consequently, January is the worst month and October the best month in the year for marriage.

ANNUAL STATEMENT.

OF

BLOOM POOR DISTRICT.

From January 8th, 1883, to January 7th, 1884.

JOHN K. GROTZ, Treasurer,

DR.

To bal as per settlement Jan 8, 1883	$ 9 71
" Cash rec'd of Bloom dup '83	1219 68
" Sugarloaf dup '83	50 00
" Scott dup '83	457 27
" Greenwood	301 10
" Bloom dup '83	580 00
" Scott dup '83	150 00
" Sugarloaf dup '83	20 00
" cash rec'd of Willits Kahler	150 00
" " " E. H. Little from Luzerne County	307 06
" cash rec'd Lebanon Poor District on Leonard Reidie	21 75
" cash rec'd M. C. Woodward rent on Long House	51 50
" cash rec'd Thomas McBride produce sold	212 47
" cash rec'd Dr. Redaker sale of woolen goods	19 95
	$3559 69

CR.

By orders of 1882 redeemed	$ 17 75	
" " 1883 "	3335 75	
" Postage	1 98	
" amt. paid to Poor House	12 50	
" Commissions	67 35	
" bal in Treasurer's hands	124 46	$3559 69

STATEMENT OF TAXES UNSETTLED—BLOOM POOR DISTRICT.

Dup	1882	Amt. pd.	Due
Greenwood	$ 614 79	$ 608 41	$ 6 38
Sugarloaf	206 80	135 65	71 15
Dup	**1883**	**Amt. pd.**	**Due**
Bloom	$1661 95	580 00	1081 95
Scott	575 76	150 00	425 76
Greenwood	515 18	—	515 18
Sugarloaf	159 35	30 00	129 35
	3793 83	1564 06	2229 76
Amt. of out standing orders Jan. 8, '83		17 15	
" orders issued from Jan. 8, '83 to Jan 7 '84 inclusive		8413 01	8430 80
" orders redeemed		8353 50	
" " out standing		77 30	8430 80

EXPENSES OF BLOOM DISTRICT

for year ending Jan. 7th, 1884.

Auditors and clerks bill Jan. 1883		25 00
Four Papers printing statements Jan. 1883		45 00
Taking Wm. Fry to Danville		2 00

The Names of Plants.

We often wonder why this or that plant should have the name it bears. There are several reasons for it. Some, as the Fuchsia, Dahlia and Magnolia, were first found and brought to England by three celebrated botanists whose names were Fuchs, Dahl and Magnol. In fact, very many of the plants in our green-houses are named for their discoverers; others from the supposed virtue they possessed in former times for healing diseases. We have in our hedges the wound wort, liver-wort, self-heal, clary and many others. Clary used to be called clear-eye, although in what way it was used to gain the name, it is quite difficult to understand,

In Roman Catholic countries many flowers were named after the Virgin Mary and the saints, such as Basil-thyme, and St John's Wort, the marigold and rosemary. A particular kind of grass or fodder received the name of Saint Foin, or holy hay!

The fox-glove calls to mind the days when people believed in fairies and elves dancing by moonlight, for fox-glove is but a corruption of folk's glove; "Little Folks" being one of the names given to the fairies.

Carrot means red root; hawthorn is called so from a Duch word meaning hedge-thorn, and is most suitable, as this tree is often used for hedges. The black thorn evidently gets its name from its black and thorny bark; the strawberry, from once being threaded on straws for sale, and the gooseberry is called so from an old Saxon word which means "hairy."

Some names are corruptions of words, as daisy from day's eye, and a very noticeable one is the Jerusalem Artichoke. Of course it would seem that this vegetable must come from the East to have such a name, but the fact is, that it comes from South America and has never been, as far as known, near Jerusalem! It is simply the corruption of an Italian word, "Girasole," which means sun-turning, and it was given to this plant because it is one of the sun-flower tribe which are supposed always to turn round with the sun!

Some plants, again keep up old-fashioned ideas, which in these more enlightened days we laugh at. Who would now believe that the hawks brought to their young the leaves of a certain plant, because the juice would improve their eyesight; and yet the name remains in hawkweed, a well-known and handsome little yellow flower often seen in the fields in summer.

Another corruption is found in the Dandelion; the tooth of the lion we should say if we made an English word of it. The long leaves are much cut and supposed to resemble the teeth of the king of beasts! One of the names for the clematis is "traveller's joy," and was given, it is said, from the fact that growing near habitations it gave a thrill of joy to the weary traveller, who felt on seeing it, that his journey was nearly ended.

The little plant called lavender is said to have obtained its name from the Latin verb *lavare*, to wash. *Lavandula* is the Latin name for the flower. At first we can see no connection between washing and the sweet-smelling plant so well known to us all: but when we know that it was formerly in great use among washer-women, and that we now call "laundry" was once called a "laventor," we see at once the reason for calling the plant "lavender," which certainly is as good a name as any given in this short paper upon the of plants.

Watering Window Plants.

The question is frequently asked, how, often and how much should window plants be watered, and scarcely any one not even a florist, can tell you just what you want to know. Some plants require more water than others, and in rooms that are kept very warm more watering is naturally required. In no pots, however, should the water be allowed to fill up the saucers, or decay or injury will be sure to ensue. Just when and how much water must be applied, will come to be known by experience. We would ask, who is more successful in flower raising in rooms than those who have been following it for some time? The knowledge comes naturally by witnessing the sprightliness of the growth of the plant. When anything is wrong in the attention bestowed, shown by drooping and languor, the remedy is not long being sought for. Hence, experience only will teach one how to raise window flowers or plants in the greatest perfection, and this mainly depends upon good rich soil and careful watering, in a moderately warm room, always remembering that it is better to water too little than too much.

Improving Farm Houses.

It is a source of great satisfaction to notice as we have within the last half dozen years the improvement which has been making in the appearance of farm dwellings. It is being done in various ways and after various plans. It seems that every one, no matter what the exact measure of his means may be, is doing something in beautifying his home. It makes no difference what is the particular nature of it, the aim is to add to its attractiveness, and in this effort it has the support and ass.stance of the wife and daughters, whose share in the work is given freely and ungrudgingly, and all equally enjoy the happy result. How much, for instance, does a neatly fenced in front yard, filled with flowers of various kinds, with trellises for climbing vines, add to the general appearance?

Every house should have a comfortable porch or piazza, which is a protection against sun and rain, and in summer evenings, when the entire family is gathered there, it proves to be the best room in the house! Every dwelling, however humble, should also have a little parlor, nicely furnished, though it may take years to complete it, which should be opened daily whether used or not. It is the pride of the good wife and daughters in increasing its neatness and beauty, as well as in receiving in it on special occasions their neighbors and friends. In a word, to increase the attractiveness of one's home is a real labor of love, and it can be done at such times when other duties are not pressing, while the expense of it is so trifling as not to be felt.

The books which help you most are those which make you think most. The hardest way of learning is by easy reading.

Lord Coleridge remarks that the independence and prosperity of the middle classes is the chief glory of the United States.

"Is you gwine to get an overcoat this winter?" asked a darkey of a companion. "Well, I dunno how dat's gwine to be," was the reply; "Ise done got my eye on a coat, but de fellah dat owns it keeps his eye on it too."

ODD ITEMS.

There are six brothers in Carter county, Ky., who have never used intoxicating liquors, tobacco, or been guilty of profanity. The oldest is 41 years old and the youngest 22.

"Can brutes talk?" was the question under debate. "I should say they could—my husband talks," was the answer given by a woman who owns no plush or fur mantle.

Who was the chicken-hearted knave that said: "There's more truth than poultry in this world?" He ought to duck his head for being goose enough to hatch such a lie.

When the doctor advised Brown to take care of his health, Brown remarked, with a feelbe smile, that really it was so poor that he didn't think it was worth while taking care of it.

"And what is this animal called?" asked the teacher of the class in natural history, as he pointed to a picture of a sloth. "And the class all shouted at once: "A messenger boy!"

When a man's wife comes in and sees him, razor in hand, and with his face all lather, and asks him: "Are you shaving?" it's a provoking thing for him to answer: "No, I'm blacking the stove," but it is in human nature to so reply.

One cannot be too careful of his health, warm days. A tramp caught cold and died the other day from throwing away a lot of cold victuals. He had worked himself into a high state of perspiration begging the victuals.

Ripening and purifying wines and strong liquors is done by the electric current. By this process the liquor is freed from all its poisonous essential oils, and the work of from three to six years is done in a few hours. Light clarets are treated in three to six hours; brandy requires sixty.

CHAPPED HANDS.—For seriously chapped hands try this: Scrape a cake of brown Windsor soap until it is all as fine as powder; mix it with an ounce of cologne water an ounce of lemon juice. Stir this very thoroughly together, shape it into cakes, let it harden and then use it when you wash your hands.

An English practitioner gave a lady a mixture of acetic acid to dissolve a pin she had swallowed, and said it would do the work in a week. But the medical authorities have sat down upon the case and find that such mixtures are non-operative. It was decided, moreover, that metallic bodies become quickly and considerably corroded by the action of the juices in the alimentary canal.

Walt Whitman says that real American poetry, as well as any American literature in a high sense, is something yet to be. The aims and stress of our book-making, according to his estimate, are entirely adjusted—like our society life—to "certain fine drawn surface, imported ways and examples, having no deep root or hold in our soil." He hardly knows a volume that is distinctively American.

Gen. Butler wrote the following on the fly leaf of a Bible on retiring from the office of Governer of Massachusetts: "When I came into the Executive chamber, a year ago, I could not find a copy of the Holy Scriptures. I suppose each Governor took his away with him. A friend gave me this. I leave it as a needed transmittendum to my successor in office, te be read by him and his successors each in turn."

One of the natural curiosities of Herando County, Fla., is an immense live oak, situated near Brookville, which, seven feet from the ground, measures thirty five and one-half feet in circumference; from this height to the top it has but two large limbs spreading out, and at the top measure eighty yards across. On one side of this singular work of nature is a small orifice from which issues a continual stream of cold air, showing some subterranean connection that is unaffected by what is going on above the surface of the ground.

TO MAKE LEMON CANDY.—Take a pound of white sugar and a coffee-cup of water. Cook these over a slow fire; pour in a tablespoonful of hot vinegar. Romove the scum that rises. Try in cold water now and then to see if it will "thread" from the spoon; when it will, flavor with lemon, and pour on a platter, which is buttered slightly. This may be marked in sticks or squares. Fruits or nuts may be stirred in just before the candy is poured out of the saucepan. Horehound and thoroughwort candy can be made of this by boiling the dried leaves in a little water and using in place of clear wa.er.

SAUCE FOR FISH.—Excellent sauce for fish is made by putting one cup of milk and one cup of water on the fire to heat. When it is hot stir in a heaping teaspoonful of flour that you have mixed with a little cold water, so that there are lumps left in it. Beat and then strain three eggs, and stir them in with two tablespoonfuls of butter, and peper and salt to suit your taste. Pour this over the fish. If you choose you can vary this in this way: Instead of putting the eggs in the sauce, boil them ten minutes; then remove the shells and cut the eggs in slices, and lay them over the fish; then pour the sauce over all.

A TIP-TOP DESSERT.—A rather costly but delightful dessert is made by blanching two ounces of sweet almonds and about ten bitter almonds (not ounces but almonds) and then pounding them until they are smooth. Add a little at a time one-third of a pint of cold water. Stir it all and then let it settle. To one pint of sweet milk add five ounces of granulated sugar. Let this boil slowly. When the sugar is dissolved, stir in an ounce of gelatine which is entirely dissolved in a very little cold water. Let this stand on the stove two or three minutes, then remove from the fire, add a tablespoonful of vanilla, a teacupful of cream, and the almond water. Strain this all through a fine wire sieve, and put it in moulds. Serve ice cold, with cakes and chocolate or coffee.

The wind swept across the plains with such velocity recently that a hundred men were unable to extricate a stock train that had been snowed in about ten miles south of Chicago; and then it seemed probable that the train could not be moved until the weather moderated, the cattle were turned loose in the fields, where they were fed with hay furnished by the farmers. The animals suffered terribly and eight of them died. Of two car laods of swine thirty-four perished. A train load of mules, shipped in San Antonio for Kansas City, was overtaken by the "blizzard." The mules were shipped without either food or water, and before 118 out of the 143 died they gnawed the cars in their hunger.

Home Education.

The following rules are worthy of being printed in letters of gold, and placed in a conspicuous place in every household:

1. From your children's earliest infancy inculcate the necessity of instant obedience.
2. Unite firmness with gentleness. Let your children understand that you mean what you say.
3. Never promise them anything unless you are quite sure you can give what you say.
4. If you tell a child to do something show him how do do it, and see that it is done.
5. Always punish a child for wilfully disobeying you, but never punish in anger.
6. Never let them perceive that they vex you, or make you lose your self-command.
7. If they give way to petulence or ill-temper, wait till they are calm, and then gently reason with them on the impropriety of their conduct.
8. Remember that a little present punishment, when the occasion requires, is much more effectual than the threatening of a greater punishment should the fault be renewed.
9. Never give your children anything because they cry for it.
10. On no account allow them to do at one time what you have forbidden, under the same circumstances, at another.
11. Teach them that the only sure and easy way to appear good is to be good.
12. Accustom them to make their little recitals with perfect truth.
13. Never allow tale bearing.
13. Teach them self-denial, not selt indulgence of an angry and resentful spirit.

Flying Machine.

The model of the flying machine with which Mr. Linfield, the English inventor, expects to navigate the air at the rate of sixty miles an hour, resembles an elongated tricycle with a cigar-shaped body for the engine, fuel and navigator. It is twenty feet long, fifteen feet wide, eight and one-half feet high and weighs 240 pounds. The lifting gear consists of two square frames about three feet deep, containing parallel sails like an open Venetian blind, and so placed that the air impinges on their lower surfaces. The source of motion is a large wheel, with canvas-covered spokes, shaped like the screw of a steam vessel. The rudder is kite-shaped, with the point at the extremity. The machine was lately attached to an engine on the Great Western Railroad, and when a speed of thirty-five miles was attained it rose and flew through the air, the total forward pull amounting to only twenty-four pounds. Treadles are attached to the wheels so as to allow a gradual start. For power the inventor is disposed to rely more upon high pressure steam than upon electricity or compressed air.—N. Y. *Tribune.*

A Western man having lost his wife, a sympathetic friend remarked upon his woe-begone appearance.—"Well, I guess you would look thin, too," was the melancholy rejoinder, "if you had to get up before daylight, make the fires, draw water, split wood, and feed the cattle before breakfast. I tell you what it is, if I don't get somebody to fill poor, dear, sainted Maria's place, I shall be resting by her side before many weeks.

There is a sound reason why there are bones in our meat and stones in our land. A world where everything was easy would be a nursery for babies, but not at all a fit place for men. Celery is not sweet until it has felt a frost, and men don't come to their perfection till disappointment has dropped a half hundred weight or two on their toes. Who would know good horses if there were no heavy loads?

A sailor fish, captured in the Indian Ocean, was thirty feet in length, with a dorsal fin ten feet high, and, previous to its capture, the fin, rushing along at the surface, was taken for the sail of a boat. The force of the blow that could be given by this monster was estimated to be equal to the discharge of a 24-pound howitzer.

Ice cream being, of a high temperature, impairs the teeth and predisposes them to decay. Young man cut this out and show it to your girl, if you want to save money next summer.

When a young man says his girl is "worth her weight in gold," he is not putting a very high valuation upon her unless she is a very heavy girl. At this rating 120 pounds of girl would be worth only $30,000.

To thoroughly realize the colossal littleness of a man one must figure as a bridegroom at a church wedding ceremony.

Clothing! Clothing! Clothing!

G. W. BERTSCH,

THE MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

Gents' Furnishing Goods

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

CLOTHING!!

Having very recently opened a new Merchant Tailoring and Gents' Furnishing Goods Store, in KNORR & WINTERSTEEN'S building, on Main street, where I am prepared to make to order, at short notice, first class suits of clothing—always in the latest styles—and prices reasonable. Fits guaranteed. Having learned how to cut garments to suit customers, and also what kind of material will give satisfaction, I would ask you to please call and examine the

BEST SELECTED STOCK

OF GOODS

Ever shown in Columbia county,

Before Purchasing Elsewhere.

Store next door to First National Bank

Corner Main & Market Sts.

Bloomsburg, Pa.

April 13-1

The Best BUTTER

For COLOR and SWEETNESS Use BEAN'S CONCENTRATED Extract of Annatto. Nature's own Color. Brightest and Strongest. Buy of your Merchant and see Circular. In exchange for a vaccine, coloring 300 lbs. to a pale straw color. Sold by druggists. Prepared only by WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., BURLINGTON, VT. Send stamp for Diary Almanac for 1884.

June1-1y 483

Loss and Gain.

CHAPTER I.

"I was taken sick a year ago
With bilious fever.',

"My doctor pronounced me cured, but I got sick again, with terrible pains in my back and sides, and I got so bad I

Could not move!

I shrunk!

From 228 lbs. to 120! I had been doctoring for my liver, but it did me no good. I did not expect to live more than three months. I began to use Hop Bitters. Directly my appetite returned, my pains left me, my entire system seemed renewed as if by magic, and after using several bottles I am not only as sound as a sovereign but weigh more than I did before. To Hop Bitters I owe my life."

Dublin, June 6, '81. R. FITZPATRICK.

CHAPTER II.

"Malden, Mass., Feb., 1, 1880. Gentlemen—I suffered with attacks of sick headache."

Neuralgia, female trouble, for years in the most terrible and excruciating manner.

No medicine or doctor could give me relief or cure until I used Hop Bitters.

"The first bottle

Nearly cured me,"

The second made me as well and strong as when a child,

"And I have been so to this day."

My husband was an invalid for twenty years with a serious

"Kidney, liver and urinary complaint,

"Pronounced by Boston's best physicians—

"Incurable!"

Seven bottles of your bitters cured him and I know of the

"Lives of eight persons"

In my neighborhood that have been saved by your bitters.

And many more are using them with great benefit.

They almost

Do miracles?" —*Mrs. E. D. Slack.*

HOW TO GET SICK.—Expose yourself day and night; eat too much without exercise; work too hard without rest; doctor all the time; take all the vile nostrums advertised, and then you will want to know *how to get well*, which is answered in three words—Take Hop Bitters.

A HOME DRUGGIST

TESTIFIES.

Popularity at home is not always the best test of merit, but we point proudly to the fact that no other medicine has won for itself such universal approbation in its own city, state, and country, and among all people, as

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

The following letter from one of our best known Massachusetts Druggists should be of interest to every sufferer:—

RHEUMATISM. "Eight years ago I had an attack of Rheumatism, so severe that I could not move from the bed, or dress, without help. I tried several remedies without much if any relief, until I took AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, by the use of two bottles of which I was completely cured. Have sold large quantities of your SARSAPARILLA, and it still retains its wonderful popularity. The many notable cures it has effected in this vicinity convince me that it is the best blood medicine ever offered to the public. E. F. HARRIS."

River St., Buckland, Mass., May 13, 1882.

SALT RHEUM. GEORGE ANDREWS, overseer in the Lowell Carpet Corporation, was for over twenty years before his removal to Lowell afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form. Its ulcerations actually covered more than half the surface of his body and limbs. He was entirely cured by AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. See certificate in Ayer's Almanac for 1883.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

KIDNEY-WORT

DOES WONDERFUL CURES OF KIDNEY DISEASES AND LIVER COMPLAINTS, Why? Because It acts on the LIVER, BOWELS and KIDNEYS at the same time.

Because it cleanses the system of the poisonous humors that develope in Kidney and Urinary Diseases, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Piles, or in Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Nervous Disorders and all Female Complaints.

☞ SOLID PROOF OF THIS.

IT WILL SURELY CURE CONSTIPATION, PILES, and RHEUMATISM, By causing FREE ACTION of all the organs and functions, thereby CLEANSING the BLOOD restoring the normal power to throw off disease.

THOUSANDS OF CASES of the worst forms of these terrible diseases have been quickly relieved, and in a short time PERFECTLY CURED.

PRICE, $1. LIQUID OR DRY, SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Dry can be sent by mail. WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Burlington, Vt. Send stamp for Diary Almanac for 1884.

KIDNEY-WORT

$66 a week at home. $5.00 outfit free. Pay absolutely sure. No risk. Capital not required. Reader, if you want business at which persons of either sex, young or old, can make great pay all the time they work, with absolute certainty, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. Dec 21-1y

BLOOMSBURG PLANING MILL

—:o:—

The undersigned having put his Planing Mill on Railroad Street, in first-class condition, is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line.

FRAMES, SASH, DOORS,

BLINDS, MOULDINGS,

FLOORING, Etc.

furnished at reasonable prices. All lumber used is well seasoned and none but skilled workmen are employed.

ESTIMATES FOR BUILDINGS

furnished on application. Plans and specifications prepared by an experienced draughtsman.

CHARLES KRUG,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

MAKE HENS LAY

An English Veterinary Surgeon and Chemist, now travelling in this country, says that most of the Horse and Cattle Powders sold here are worth less trash. He says that Sheridan's Condition Powders are absolutely pure and immensely valuable. Nothing on earth will make hens lay like Sheridan's Condition Powders. Dose, 1 teaspoonful to 1 pint food. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 8 letter-stamps. L. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass. al1 Jan 26 '83-1y.

AGENTS wanted for The Lives of all the Presidents of the U. S. The largest, handsomest best book ever sold for less than twice our price. The fastest selling book in America. Immense profits to agents. All inteligent people want it. Any one can become a successful agent. Terms free, HALLETT BOOK CO., Portland, Maine. Dec 21-1y

100 YOUNG MEN WANTED

TO LEARN TELEGRAPHY.

No charges unless situations are furnished. A good chance to secure a first-class position. The Postal Telegraph Co., will soon be ready for business, and will want hundreds of operators. For full particulars, address P. & M. J. TELEGRAPH CO., Main Office, 926 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa. Branch Office, 5'6 Market St., Wilmington, Del. Through Wires. Jan 4-4w d

GOLD for the working class. Send 10 cents for postage, and we will mail you *free*, a royal valuable box of sample goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. We will start you. You can work all the time or in spare time only. The work is universally adapted to both sexes, young and old. You can easily earn from 50 cents to $5 every evening. That all who want may test the business, we make this unparalled offer; to all that are not well satisfied we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Fortunes will be made by those who give their whole time to the work. Great success absolutely sure. Don't delay. Start now. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. Dec 21-1

PEABODY HOTEL.

PHILADELPHIA.

9th St. south of Chestnut, one square south of the New Post Office, one half square from Walnut St. Theatre and in the very business centre of the city. On the American and European plans. Good rooms from 50c to $3.00 per day. Remodelled and newly furnished.

W. Payne, M. D.,

nov 30-1 y Owner & Proprietor.

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING

AT THIS OFFICE.

SPEER'S

PORTUGAL GRAPE WINE

Also

UNFERMENTED GRAPE JUICE.

Used in the principal Churches for Communion. Excellent for Females, Weakly Persons and the aged.

EXCELLENT FOR FEMALES AND WEAKLY PERSONS.

Speer's Port Grape Wine!

FOUR YEARS OLD.

THIS CELEBRATED WINE is the pure juice of the dead ripe Oporto Grape, raised in Speer's vineyards. Its invaluable,

Tonic and Strengthening Properties

are unsurpassed by any other Wine. Being produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed by the principal Hospitals and Boards of Health who have examined it. The youngest child may partake of it, and the weakest invalid use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that affect the weaker sex.

It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

Speer's Unfermented Grape Juice.

Is the juice of the Oporto Grapes preserved in its natural, fresh, sweet state as it runs from the press by fumigation, thereby destroying the exciter of fermentation. It is perfectly pure, free from spirits and will keep in any climate.

Speer's Burgundy.

Is a dark rich medium Dry Wine used by the wealthy classes as a Table or Dinner Wine, and by physicians in cases where a dry wine instead of a sweet port is desired.

Speer's (Socialite) Claret.

Is held in high estimation for its richness as a Dry Table Wine especially suited for dinner use.

Speer's P. J. Sherry.

Is a wine of Superior Character and partakes of the rich qualities of the grape from which it is made.

Speer's P. J. Brandy.

IS A PURE distillation from the grape, and stands unrivalled in this Country for medicinal purposes.

It has a peculiar flavor, similar to that of the grapes from which it is distilled.

See that the signature of ALFRED SPEER, Passaic N. J., is over the cork of each bottle.

SOLD BY C. A. KLEIM.

AND BY DRUGGISTS EVERY WHERE.

Sep. 28-83-1y.

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

TRADE MARK THE GREAT ENG- TRADE MARK

LISH REMEDY. An unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, and all Diseases that follow as a sequence of Self-Abuse; as loss of Memory, Universal

BEFORE TAKING. Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that led to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave.

AFTER TAKING.

BEWARE of advertisements to refund money, when druggists from whom the medicine is bought *do not refund*, but refer you to the manufacturers, and the requirements are such that they are *seldom, if ever*, complied with. See their written guarantee. A trial of one single package of Gray's Specific will convince the most skeptical of its real merits.

On account of counterfeits, we have adopted the Yellow Wrapper; the only genuine.

☞ Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. ☜ The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package or 6 packages for $5, or will be sent free by mail on the receipt of the money, by addressing THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

Sold in Bloomsburg by all druggists. Nov 9-1y

YOU CANNOT GET WELL AT HOME.

Fairview Electropathic Institute,

BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

A GOOD PLACE FOR THE SICK.

—:o:—

The house is specially fitted up for the comfort of invalids who desire a pleasant and Christian home. Stands on high ground with plenty of shade. Personal attention given to every patient. Electricity and Galvanism in their different modifications a specialty. Prof. Mills has given many years of study and practice to this branch, and hundreds will testify to his skill.

Send for circular, stating what paper you saw this in. PROF. HENRY MILLS,

Mrs. ALICE FRENCH MILLS,

Lock Box 97. Binghamton, N. Y.

Sept. 7 '83-1y.

FITS A Leading London Physician establishes an Office in New York for the Cure of EPILEPTIC FITS. *From Am. Journal of Medicine.*

Dr. Ab. Meserole (late of London), who makes a specialty of Epilepsy, has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any other living physician. His success has simply been astonishing; we have heard of cases of over 20 years' standing, successfully cured by him. He has published a work on this disease, which he sends with a large bottle of his wonderful cure free to any sufferer who may send their express and P. O. address. We advise any one wishing a cure to address

Dr. Ab. MESEROLE, No. 96 John St., New York.

Jan 4-4w d

A PRIZE. Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world. All, of either sex, succeed from first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the workers, absolutely sure. At once address, TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. Dec 21-1y

WANTED.—One Lady or Gentleman in every town. $25 a week and expenses. Address AMERICAN PUBLISHING, CO. 1-4-4m 17 North Tenth St., Philadelphia, Pa.

WE WANT 1000 BOOK AGENTS For Gen. DODGE'S & Gen. SHERMAN'S Brav New Book THIRTY-THREE YEARS AMONG **OUR WILD INDIANS.** The fastest selling new book out. Indorsed by Pres't Arthur, Gens Grant, Sherman, Sheridan, Hancock, and thousands of Eminent Judges, Bishops, Clergymen, Editors, Etc., as "the best book on Indians. Life ever written, and the finest illustrated work ever issued." This famous book takes like wildfire, and Agents sell 10 to 20 a day. ☞ 1000 More Agents Wanted. The best chance to make money ever offered. Send for Circulars, Specimen Plate, Extra Terms, etc. to A. D. WORTHINGTON & CO., Hartford, Conn. Jan 4-4w d

OIL WINTERGREEN, PEPPERMINT, ETC,

Bought for Net Cash, on receipt and approval, without charge for Commission, Brokerage, etc., by

DODGE & OLCOTT,

86 & 88 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

Jan 11-4w r

CATARRH

HAY-FEVER

MANY persons in Pittston are using Ely's Cream Balm, a catarrh remedy, with most satisfactory results. A lady is recovering the sense of smell which she had not enjoyed for fifteen years. Mr. Barber has used it in his family and recommends it very highly.—*Pittston, Pa., Gazette.*

Apply by little finger into the nostrils. By absorption it effectually cleanses the nasal passages of catarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions. It allays inflammation, protects the membranal linings of the head from additional colds, completely heals the sores and restores the sense of taste and smell. Beneficial results are realized by a few applications. A thorough treatment will cure. Unequalled for colds in head. Agreeable to use. Send for circular. Sold by druggists. By mail 50c. a package—stamps.

ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

Jan 4-4w d

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer who will give me their express and P. O. address. Dr. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

Jan 11-4 w d

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE COLUMBIAN, $1.50 A YEAR

ON 30 DAYS TRIAL.

THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich., will send DR. DYE'S CELEBRATED ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELTS and ELECTRIC APPLIANCES on trial for 30 days to men (young or old) who are afflicted with Nervous Debility, Lost Vitality, and kindred troubles, guaranteeing speedy and complete restoration of health and manly vigor. Address as above.—N. B.—No risk incurred, as 30 days' trial is allowed. Feb. 9th—1yr. r

SUBSCRIBE NOW FOR

THE COLUMBIAN

$1.50 A YEAR,

J. SALTZER,

HEADQUARTERS

For the Celebrated Chickering, Ivers & Pond, and Vose & Son Pianos. World-renowned Estey Organs, Violins, Accordeons and Sheet Music. Celebrated White, New High Arm Davis, New Home, Royal St. John, and Light Running Domestic Sewing Machines. Needles, oil and attachments for all makes of Sewing Machines.

MAIN STREET,

Bloomsburg

GRAND ANNOUNCEMENT

Ready and Waiting for You.

The Finest, The Latest, The Most Artistic Styles of

ELEGANT CLOTHING

AND

Big Inducements {**GENTS' FURNISHINGS.**} Big Display.

OUR RECEIPTS

OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

Call and be Convinced that We

Lead in quality, fit and price.

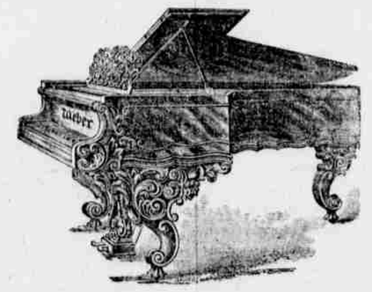
Largest stock & lowest prices can always be found at the

OLD RELIABLE STORE

OF

David Lowenberg.

WEBER--HARDMAN



PIANOS,

FINE INLAID FRENCH WALNUT CASE ORGAN, 9 STOPS, $90 CASH.

Easy Terms. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

BACON'S PIANO WARE ROOMS,

MUSIC HALL BLOCK, WILKES-BARRE, PA

Junel

L. A. SHATTUCK, M. D.

Medical Superintendent of the Sanitarium.

Invalid's Home,

Bloomsburg, Pa.,

Devotes special attention to Epilepsy, Nervous Affections, and Diseases of Women.

Patients received at the Sanitarium on reasonable terms for board and treatment.

P. S.—No charge for first consultation. apr 27, '83

CATARRH

HAY-FEVER

HAY-FEVER.

I can recommend Ely's Cream Balm to all Hay Fever sufferers, it being, in my opinion, founded upon experience and a sure cure. I was afflicted with Hay Fever for 25 years, and never before found permanent relief. WEBSTER H. HASKINS, Marshfield, Vt.

Apply by little finger into the nostrils. By absorption it effectually cleanses the nasal passages of catarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions. It allays inflammation, protects the membranal linings of the head from additional colds, completely heals the sores and restores the sense of taste and smell. Beneficial results are realized by a few applications. A thorough treatment will cure. Unequalled for colds in head. Agreeable to use. Send for circular. Sold by druggists. By mail 50c. a package—stamps.

ELY BROTHERS, Owego, N. Y.

d

JAMES REILLY,

Tonsorial Artist,

again at his old stand under EXCHANGE HOTEL, and has as usual a FIRST-CLASS BARBER SHOP. He respectfully solicits the patronage of his old customers and of the public generally. [July 26, '83-1y

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

W. R. TUBBS, PROPRIETOR

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.

Large and convenient sample rooms. Bathrooms hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences

ORNAMENTAL IRON FENCES

OF CAST OR WROUGHT IRON.

Suitable for

Yards,

Cemetery Lots

and

Public Grounds.

—:o:—

The following shows the Picket Gothic, one of the several beautiful styles of Fence manufactured by the undersigned.

For Beauty and Durability they are unsurpassed. Set up by experienced hands and warranted to give satisfaction.

Prices and specimens of other designs sent to any address.

Address

S. M. HESS,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

May 4-1f

B. F. SHARPLESS'

FOUNDRY

Near L & B Depot, Bloomsburg Pa.

Manufacturer of First class ranges in different styles, cook stoves, parlor stoves and stoves for heating stores, school houses, churches &c. Large stock of tinware and stove repairs, such as grates, fire brick, lids, centres &c.

CALL AND SECURE BARGAINS.

Oct 26 tf

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division, and Northern Central Railway.

TIME TABLE.

In effect Nov. 19th, 1883. Trains leave Sunbury.

EASTWARD,

9.35 a. m., Lock Haven Express (daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 3.15 p. m.; New York, 6.20 p. m.; Baltimore, 5.10 p. m.; Washington 6.55 p. m., through passenger coach to Philadelphia.

1.55 p. m.—Day express (daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 7.25 p. m.; New York, 10.40 p. m.; Baltimore, 7.20 p. m.; Washington, 8.4 p. m. Pullman Parlor car through to Philadelphia and passenger coach through to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.20 p. m.—Williamsport Accommodation (daily) for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia and New York, arriving at Philadelphia 3.45 a. m.; New York 6.10 a. m. Sleeping car accomodations can be secured at Harrisburg for Philadelphia and New York on Sundays a through sleeping car will be run; on this train from Renovo to Philadelphia. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

2.10 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Monday) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 7.50 a. m.; New York, 11.20 a. m.; Baltimore 7.50 a. m.; Washington, 8.50 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and through passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

6.20 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily) for Erie and all intermediate stations with through Pullman Palace car and through passenger coaches to Erie, and through Pullman Palace cars to Buffalo via Emporium. On Sundays this train will run only to Renovo.

For Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, daily except Sundays, with through Pullman Palace car and passenger coaches to Rochester.

1.05 p. m.—Niagara Express (daily except Sunday) for Kane and intermediate stations with through passenger coaches to Kane. For Canandaigua and principal intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Rochester.

5.35 p. m. Fast line (daily except Sunday for Renovo and intermediate stations, and Elmira, Watkins and intermediate stations, with through passenger coaches to Renovo and Watkins.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Niagara Express leave Philadelphia, 7.40 a. m.; Baltimore 7.30 a. m. (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 1.05 p. m., with through Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Fast Line leaves New York 8.00 a. m.; Philadelphia, 11.10 a. m.; Washington, 9.40 a. m.; Baltimore, 10.50 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 5.30 p. m., with through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8.00 p. m.; Philadelphia, 11.20 p. m.; Washington, 10.00 p. m.; Baltimore, 11.20 p. m., (da